2374	TITLE-23 23.1.
2375	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION; OTHER EDUCATIONAL
2376	AND CULTURAL INSTITUTIONS.
2377	SUBTITLE I.
2378	GENERAL PROVISIONS.
2379	CHAPTER 1.
2380	<u>DEFINITIONS AND</u> GENERAL PROVISIONS.
2381	Drafting note: Proposed Chapter 1 contains separate articles for Definitions and
2382	General Provisions. Definitions of terms used throughout the title replace chapter-specific
2383	definitions or have been created for the sake of clarity.
2384	Article 1.
2385	<u>Definitions.</u>
2386	Drafting note: Definitions of terms used throughout the title replace chapter-
2387	specific definitions or have been created for the sake of clarity.
2388	§ 23.1-100. Definitions.
2389	As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:
2390	"Associate-granting" means that an associate degree is the most advanced degree that is
2391	granted.
2392	"Associate-granting public institution of higher education" includes Richard Bland
2393	College and each comprehensive community college.
2394	"Baccalaureate" means that bachelor's degrees or more advanced degrees, or both, are
2395	granted.
2396	"Baccalaureate public institution of higher education" includes Christopher Newport
2397	University, George Mason University, James Madison University, Longwood University,
2398	University of Mary Washington, Norfolk State University, Old Dominion University, Radford
2399	University, University of Virginia, University of Virginia's College at Wise as a division of
2400	University of Virginia, Virginia Commonwealth University, Virginia Military Institute, Virginia

1	Polytechnic and State University, Virginia State University, and the College of William and
2	Mary in Virginia.
3	"Comprehensive community college" means an associate-granting institution of higher
4	education governed by the State Board that offers instruction in one or more of the following
5	<u>fields:</u>
6	1. Freshman and sophomore courses in arts and sciences acceptable for transfer to
7	baccalaureate degree programs;
3	2. Diversified technical curricula, including programs leading to the associate degree;
	3. Career and technical education leading directly to employment;
	4. Courses in general and continuing education for adults in the fields set out in
	subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; or
	5. Noncredit training and retraining courses and programs of varying lengths to meet the
	needs of business and industry in the Commonwealth.
	"Council" means the State Council of Higher Education for Virginia.
	"For-profit private institution of higher education" means any postsecondary school, as
	that term is defined in § 23.1-213, in the Commonwealth that is privately owned, privately
	managed, and obligated to pay federal income taxes in the Commonwealth and is certified by
	the Council to offer degrees or exempt from such certification pursuant to Article 3 (§ 23.1-213
	et seq.) of Chapter 2.
	"Governing board" includes the State Board and the board of visitors of each
	baccalaureate public institution of higher education. "Governing board" does not include local
	community college boards.
	"In-state student" means any student who has established domicile in the
	Commonwealth pursuant to § 23.1-5xx.
	"In-state tuition" means the tuition rate for which an in-state student is eligible at a
	public institution of higher education.

2427	"Nonprofit private institution of higher education" means any postsecondary school, as
2428	that term is defined in § 23.1-213, in the Commonwealth that is exempt from paying federal
2429	income taxes under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is certified by the Council to
2430	offer degrees or exempt from such certification pursuant to Article 3 (§ 23.1-213 et seq.) of
2431	Chapter 2.
2432	"Out-of-state student" means any student who has not established domicile in the
2433	Commonwealth pursuant to § 23.1-5xx.
2434	"Public institution of higher education" includes the System as a whole and each
2435	associate-granting and baccalaureate public institution of higher education.
2436	"State Board" means the State Board for Community Colleges.
2437	"System" means the Virginia Community College System.
2438	Drafting note: Definitions for "comprehensive community college," "State Board,"
2439	and "System" are moved from existing Chapter 16. The remaining definitions are
2440	proposed for the sake of title-wide clarity.
2441	Article 2.
2442	General Provisions.
2443	Drafting note: General provisions, including existing § 23-9.10:3 on contracts
2444	between private institutions of higher education and the Commonwealth or public
2445	institutions of higher education, are relocated to proposed Article 2.
2446	§—23-9.2 23.1-101. Public policy of Commonwealth in respect to endowment
2447	Endowment funds of state-supported public institutions of higher education.
2448	Whereas, the state-supported system of higher education can be greatly strengthened by
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2450	increases in the endowment funds and unrestricted gifts of the several institutions of higher
	increases in the endowment funds and unrestricted gifts of the several institutions of higher education derived from private sources; and
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income of the respective institutions is increased from private sources, the Commonwealth will 2453 2454 withdraw its support; and 2455 Whereas, in § 10 of Chapter 33 of the Acts of Assembly of 1927, the General Assembly, by setting endowment funds and income therefrom apart from other revenues of and 2456 2457 appropriations to the institutions of higher education, indicated an intention that endowments 2458 and unrestricted gifts from private sources are to be in addition to such other revenues and 2459 appropriations; now, therefore, (1) A. It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the Commonwealth to encourage 2460 2461 the state-supported institutions that: 2462 1. Each public institution of higher education in Virginia, the Frontier Culture Museum, 2463 Gunston Hall, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Science Museum of Virginia, and the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts shall be encouraged in their attempts to increase their endowment 2464 2465 funds and unrestricted gifts from private sources, and reduce the hesitation of prospective 2466 donors to make contributions and unrestricted gifts; and 2467 (2) It is further declared to be the public policy of the Commonwealth that, in 2468 2. Consistent with § 10 of Chapter 33 of the Acts of Assembly of 1927, in measuring the 2469 extent to which the Commonwealth shall finance higher education in Virginia the 2470 Commonwealth, the availability of the endowment funds and unrestricted gifts from private 2471 sources of institutions of higher education received by such public institutions of higher 2472 education, the Frontier Culture Museum, Gunston Hall, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, 2473 the Science Museum of Virginia, and the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts shall-not neither be 2474 taken into consideration in, nor used to reduce, state appropriations or payments, but such funds 2475 and shall be used in accordance with the wishes of the donors thereof of such funds to 2476 strengthen the services rendered by these institutions to the people of the Commonwealth. 2477 **Drafting note: Technical changes.** §-23-4 23.1-102. Register of state property Chief executive officer of each public 2478 2479 institution of higher education; duties.

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The chief executive officer of every state each public institution of higher education shall-keep:

a book in which he shall cause to be registered 1. Maintain a register that contains a description of all the property of the Commonwealth at such the institution, with a correct description thereof, for the information of the board of visitors, and others interested. Any officer failing to comply with this section shall forfeit fifty dollars.

§ 23-4.4. Authorization to transfer interest; Governor's approval required under certain circumstances.

A. The boards of visitors, the State Board for Community Colleges, or their designees are authorized to assign any interest they possess in intellectual property or in materials in which the institution claims an interest, provided such assignment is in accordance with the terms of the institution's intellectual property policies adopted pursuant to subsection A of § 23-4.3. However, the Governor's prior written approval shall be required for transfers of such property developed wholly or predominately through the use of state general funds, exclusive of capital assets, and either (i) such property was developed by an employee of the institution acting within the scope of his assigned duties, or (ii) such property is to be transferred to an entity other than the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority, an entity whose purpose is to manage intellectual properties on behalf of nonprofit organizations, colleges and universities, or an entity whose purpose is to benefit the respective institutions. The Governor may attach conditions to these transfers as he deems necessary. In the event the Governor does not approve such transfer, the materials shall remain the property of the respective institutions and may be used and developed in any manner permitted by law.

B. The president of each state-supported institution of higher education, including the chancellor of the Virginia Community College System, shall, beginning with fiscal year 2016, include 2. Include in its six-year plan adopted pursuant to § 23-38.87:17 23.1-306 the following for the most recently ended fiscal year: (i) the assignment during the year of any intellectual property interests to a person or nongovernmental entity by the institution, any foundation

supporting the intellectual property research performed by the institution, or any entity affiliated with the institution; (ii) the value of externally sponsored research funds received during the year from a person or nongovernmental entity by the institution, any foundation supporting the intellectual property research performed by the institution, or any entity affiliated with the institution; and (iii) the number and types of patents awarded during the year to the institution, any foundation supporting the intellectual property research funded by the institution, or any entity affiliated with the institution that were developed in whole or part from externally sponsored research provided by a person or nongovernmental entity. The plan shall report separate aggregate data on (a) those persons or nongovernmental entities that have a principal place of business in Virginia as reflected in the assignment agreement or awarding documents in Virginia as reflected in the assignment agreement or awarding documents.

## § 23-1.1. Report of athletic receipts and disbursements.

It shall be the duty of the president or chairman of the board of visitors or trustees of every state institution of higher learning which maintains an intercollegiate athletic program to eause 3. For any institution that maintains an intercollegiate athletic program, cause to be made out by the proper officer of such institution; and forwarded to the Comptroller annually by December thirty first 31 a detailed statement of all athletic receipts and disbursements of such institution and of any affiliated committee, group, corporation, or association charged with administering the athletic program. Such report shall include all receipts from admission tickets, programs, refreshment concessions, radio, television, newsreel or movie rights, and all other receipts related to any athletic contest or event. The report of disbursements shall include the name of each person, firm, or corporation to whom such disbursement was made and the amount thereof of the disbursement. The report shall be kept on file by the Comptroller and shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Drafting note: Existing §§ 23-4 (as proposed subdivision 1) and 23-1.1 (as proposed subdivision 3) are combined in this proposed section concerning duties of the chief

executive officer of public institutions of higher education. Proposed subdivision 2 incorporates subsection B of existing § 23-4.4. The provision that any chief executive officer failing to keep a record of an institution's property for inspection by its governing board and the public is required to forfeit \$50 is recommended for repeal as being obsolete. The current language is ambiguous as to who has the primary responsibility for making such a report. Technical changes are made.

§-23-3.1 23.1-103. Conveyance Localities; conveyance of property and appropriation of funds to Commonwealth for certain educational purposes.

A. The governing body of any—county, city or town locality may, subject to written advice from the Governor that the gift is acceptable, convey to the Commonwealth by deed of gift any land, either heretofore or hereafter acquired, which, in the discretion of such governing body, that is not required for the purposes of such—county, city, or town locality, provided such land is to be used for the establishment, operation, or maintenance of a branch or division of a state supported college or university public institution of higher education, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Science Museum of Virginia, or the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts. For the purpose of acquiring such land the governing body of the locality may appropriate a portion of the general funds of such county, city or town the locality.

B. The governing body of any-county, city or town locality may appropriate a portion of the locality's public funds thereof for capital outlays in connection with, and the operation or maintenance of, any state-supported college or university public institution of higher education or branch thereof or division of such institution, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Science Museum of Virginia, or the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts.

Drafting note: Technical changes are made, including changing references to "counties, cities, and towns" to "localities" pursuant to § 1-221, which states that throughout the Code "locality" means a county, city, or town.

§ 23-4.2 23.1-104. Disposition of unclaimed lost or abandoned property.

A. The board of visitors or other governing body of every state board of each public institution of higher education and every private accredited nonprofit each accredited nonprofit private institution of higher education in the Commonwealth may provide by regulation or institution policy for the care, restitution, sale, destruction, or disposal of unclaimed personal property, whether lost or abandoned, in the possession of the institution. Whenever procedures in accordance with such regulations or institution policies and this section are followed and ownership cannot be established with respect to certain property, neither the institution, and the employees and agents thereof, shall have no liability nor any of its agents or employees is liable to any person claiming any interest in the property.

A.B. In the case of tangible personal property, other than registered motor vehicles, <u>lost</u> or abandoned at a public institution of higher education or accredited nonprofit private institution of higher education:

- 1. The institution, upon receipt of lost such property, shall make reasonable efforts to give notice that the property has been found to any person that the institution determines to reasonably appears appear to be the owner. The institution shall hold such property shall be held by the institution for a period of not less than for at least 120 days. The institution shall allow a claim upon satisfactory proof of it and payment of the institution's reasonable charges for storage or other services necessary to preserve the property.
- 2. After the 120-day period, the institution may sell the property to the highest bidder at public auction or by sealed bid at whatever location that the institution reasonably determines affords to afford the most favorable market for the property. The institution may decline the highest bid and reoffer the property for sale if it considers the price bid insufficient. The net proceeds of any such sale hereunder shall be held for a period of ninety at least 90 days and if no claim is made thereon on the property within that time, such funds shall be credited to the institution's operating fund. If the institution determines that the probable cost of sale of property will exceed the sale proceeds, the property is inherently dangerous, or the property may not lawfully be sold or used, the institution may provide for any such property, as appropriate

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under the circumstances, to be destroyed or discarded at an appropriate location, retained for use by the institution, or donated to an appropriate charitable organization.

3. Any sale held hereunder pursuant to this subsection shall be preceded by reasonable notice thereof, considering of the sale, taking into consideration the type and value of property. Such notice shall include as a at minimum the posting on a student bulletin board and publication in a school newspaper. The institution, by the same time, shall mail notice of the sale to the last known address of any person that the institution determines to reasonably appears appear to be the owner.

B.C. Whenever a motor vehicle is lost or abandoned on the campus of any public institution of higher education or accredited nonprofit private institution of higher education that lies within a county, city, or town which is located in a locality that has adopted an ordinance as provided in Chapter 12 of Title 46.2, such motor vehicle shall be disposed of as provided in that ordinance. Notwithstanding any provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 46.2, the proceeds of any sale of a motor vehicle lost or abandoned and unclaimed on institutional property shall be credited to the institution's operating fund after the ninety-day 90-day holding period. The board of visitors or other governing body board of an a public institution of higher education having that has a campus or part of a campus lying in a locality which that has not adopted such an ordinance, may promulgate a regulation regulations dealing with motor vehicles abandoned within on such campus or such part of the campus. Such regulations shall comply with all provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 46.2 and shall have the same legal effect as though the institution—were was a political subdivision as defined in that chapter and the regulation was an ordinance. The proceeds from any sale resulting from such regulations shall be held for a period of ninety at least 90 days and if no claim to the motor vehicle is made therefor within that time, such funds shall be credited to the institution's operating fund.

C.D. Whenever any intangible personal property is believed to be <u>lost or</u> abandoned—or <u>unclaimed</u> on the campus of a—<u>state\_public</u> institution of higher education, it shall be administered as provided in Article 4 (§ 55-210.12 et seq.) of Chapter 11.1 of Title 55.

D.E. Whenever any personal property, tangible or intangible, has been accepted for safekeeping during a patient's stay by any hospital operated by a<u>state public</u> institution of higher education, and <u>said such</u> property is believed by the appropriately designated official to be <u>lost or</u> abandoned <u>or unclaimed</u>, it shall be administered as provided in Article 4 (§ 55-210.12 et seq.) of Chapter 11.1 of Title 55.

Drafting note: Subsection A incorporates a reference to institution policies because private institutions of higher education are not capable of promulgating regulations pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-400 et seq.). Technical changes are made.

§ 23-9.10:3 23.1-105. Authorization for Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof to contract to furnish or to obtain educational or other related services to or from Contracts with certain nonprofit private institutions of higher education.

A. For the purposes of this section:

1.—"Private college" means a <u>nonprofit</u> private, <u>nonprofit</u> institution of higher education in the Commonwealth approved to confer degrees pursuant to Chapter 21.1 (§ 23-276.1 et seq.) of this title whose primary purpose is to provide collegiate or graduate education and not to provide religious training or theological education.

2. "Public college" means any of the institutions of higher education listed in § 23-9.5.

3. "Services", "Services" includes—but is not limited to a program or course of study offered, or approved for offer, to be offered by a public institution of higher education or private college—or—by a public college; use of professional personnel; use of any real or personal property owned, controlled, or leased for educational or—educationally related purposes by—such private and public colleges a public institution of higher education or private college;—a study, research, or investigation or the like similar activity by employees or students, or both, of—such colleges a public institution of higher education or private college; or any other activity (i) dealing with scientific, technological, humanistic, or other educational or related subjects, or (ii) providing public service or student service activities.

grant.

2641	B. The Commonwealth—and or any of its political subdivisions may contract to obtain
2642	<u>from</u> or furnish to private colleges educational or related services from or to private colleges.
2643	1. NoC. Except as otherwise provided in Chapter 10 (§ 23.1-1000 et seq.), no contract
2644	for services between private colleges on the one hand and public colleges institutions of higher
2645	education or educational agencies of the Commonwealth, including but not limited to the State
2646	Board of Education, on the other, shall be valid unless approved by the State Council of Higher
2647	Education.
2648	2. D. Except as provided in paragraph B-1 subsection C, contracts for services between
2649	private colleges on the one hand and the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions on
2650	the other may be entered into in any circumstances where circumstance in which the
2651	Commonwealth or its political subdivisions would, by virtue of law, have authority to contract
2652	with private contractors for educational or related services and with public institutions of higher
2653	education in Virginia. C. When contracts covered by paragraph B 2 of this section are made by
2654	private colleges, such Private colleges shall report the such contracts to the State Council of
2655	Higher Education for information.
2656	D. E. The State Council shall provide continuing evaluation of the effectiveness of such
2657	and make recommendations regarding contracts, whether made under paragraph B 1 or B 2 of
2658	this section, and shall make recommendations regarding such contracts pursuant to this section.
2659	E. F. The authority to contract for educational or related services shall include the
2660	authority to accept gifts, donations, and or matching funds to facilitate or advance programs.
2661	F. G. Unless an appropriations appropriation act specifically provides otherwise, all
2662	appropriations shall be construed to authorize contracts with private colleges for the provision of
2663	educational or related services which that may be the subject of or included in the appropriation.
2664	H. Nothing in this chapter section shall be construed to restrict or prohibit the use of any
2665	federal, state, or local funds made available under any federal, state, or local appropriation or

2667	Drafting note: Technical changes are made, including the incorporation of title-
2668	wide definitions.
2669	§-23-4.2:1 23.1-106. Formation of not-for-profit benefits consortium.
2670	A. As used in this section:
2671	"Benefits consortium" means a nonstock corporation formed pursuant to subsection B.
2672	"Benefits plan" means plans adopted by the board of directors of a benefits consortium
2673	to provide health and welfare benefits to employees of private educational institutions that are
2674	members of the benefits consortium, employees of the sponsoring association of the benefits
2675	consortium, employees of the benefits consortium, and their dependents.
2676	"Employee welfare benefit plan" has the meaning set forth in § 3(1) of the Employee
2677	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002(1).
2678	"Private educational institution" means a nonpublic, nonprofit college or university
2679	private institution of higher education that is accredited by a nationally recognized regional
2680	accreditation body or by the Board of Governors of the American Bar Association; and
2681	1. Has its primary campus located within the Commonwealth;
2682	2. Is owned and operated by a corporation, trust, association, or religious institution or
2683	any subsidiary or affiliate of any such entity;
2684	3. Has been in existence as a private educational institution in the Commonwealth for at
2685	least 10 years;
2686	4. Is a member in good standing of the sponsoring association; and
2687	5. Otherwise qualifies as an institution of higher education as defined in § 23-276.1 23.1-
2688	<u>213</u> .
2689	"Sponsoring association" means an association of private educational institutions that is
2690	incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth, has been in existence for at least 20 years.
2691	and exists for purposes other than arranging for or providing health and welfare benefits to
2692	members.

- B. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, five or more private educational institutions may form a not-for-profit benefits consortium for the purpose of establishing a self-funded employee welfare benefit plan by acting as incorporators of a nonstock corporation pursuant to the Virginia Nonstock Corporation Act (§ 13.1-801 et seq.). In addition to provisions required or permitted by the Virginia Nonstock Corporation Act, the organizational documents of the benefits consortium shall:
  - 1. Limit membership in the benefits consortium to private educational institutions, the sponsoring association of the benefits consortium, and the benefits consortium;
    - 2. Set forth the name and address of each of the initial members of the corporation;
- 3. Set forth requirements for the admission of additional private educational institutions to the corporation and the procedure for admission of additional members;
- 4. Require that each initial member of the corporation and each additional private educational institution admitted to membership agree to remain a member of the benefits consortium for a period of at least five years from the date the consortium begins operations or the date of its admission to membership, as the case may be;
- 5. Provide that the number of directors of the corporation shall be equal to the number of members and include one person employed by each member and may provide for an additional director who shall be an employee of the sponsoring association; however, two individuals affiliated with the same member may shall not serve on the board of directors at the same time;
- 6. Provide that the board of directors shall have exclusive fiscal control over and be responsible for the operation of the benefits plan and shall govern the benefits consortium in accordance with the fiduciary duties defined in the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;
- 7. Vest in the board of directors the power to make and collect special assessments against members and, if any assessment is not timely paid, to enforce collection of same in the name of the corporation;

- 2719 8. State the purposes of the benefits consortium, including the types of risks to be shared by its members;
  - 9. Provide that each member shall be liable for its allocated share of the liabilities of the benefits consortium as determined by the board of directors;
  - 10. Require that the benefits consortium purchase and maintain (i) a bond that satisfies the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, (ii) fiduciary liability insurance, and (iii) a policy or policies of excess insurance with a retention level determined in accordance with sound actuarial principles from an insurer licensed to transact the business of insurance in the Commonwealth;
  - 11. Require that the benefits consortium be audited annually by an independent certified public accountant engaged by the board of directors;
  - 12. Prohibit the payment of commissions or other remuneration to any person on account of the enrollment of persons in any benefit plan offered by the benefits consortium; and
  - 13. Not include in the name of the corporation the words "insurance," "insurer," "underwriter," "mutual," or any other word or term or combination of words or terms that is uniquely descriptive of an insurance company or insurance business unless the context of the remaining words or terms clearly indicate that the corporation is not an insurance company and is not carrying on the business of insurance.
  - C.—A <u>Each</u> benefits consortium shall establish and maintain reserves determined in accordance with sound actuarial principles. Capital may be maintained in the form of an irrevocable letter of credit issued to the benefits consortium by a state or national bank authorized to engage in the banking business in the Commonwealth.
  - D. Except to the extent specifically provided in this section,—a each benefits consortium organized under and operated in conformity with this section, so long as it that remains in good standing under the Virginia Nonstock Corporation Act (§ 13.1-801 et seq.) and otherwise meets the requirements set forth in this section, shall be governed solely by and be subject only to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 as implemented by the

United States Department of Labor, shall be exempt from all state taxation, and shall not otherwise be subject to the provisions of Title 38.2, including regulation as a multiple employer welfare arrangement.

**Drafting note: Technical changes.** 

§ 23.1-107. Private institutions of higher education; human research review committees.

The human research review committee at each for-profit and nonprofit private institution of higher education that conducts human research as that term is defined in § 32.1-162.16 shall submit to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the president of the institution or his designee at least annually a report on the human research projects reviewed and approved by the committee and require the committee to report any significant deviations from approved proposals.

Drafting note: The provisions of existing § 23-9.2:3.3 related to the human research review committee at private institutions of higher education are incorporated into proposed § 23.1-107. A substantive change is made to exclude the provisions of existing § 23-9.2:3.3 requiring such institutions to promulgate regulations as such provisions are inconsistent with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

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§ 2.2-108. Removal of members of certain boards, commissions, etc.

A. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Governor may remove from office for malfeasance, misfeasance, incompetence, or gross neglect of duty any member of the board of any public institution of higher education or other educational institution in Virginia, and fill the vacancy resulting from the removal. Each appointment to fill a vacancy shall be subject to confirmation by the General Assembly.

B. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Governor may remove from office for malfeasance, misfeasance, incompetence, misconduct, neglect of duty, absenteeism, conflict of interests, failure to carry out the policies of the Commonwealth as established in the Constitution or by the General Assembly, or refusal to carry out a lawful directive of the Governor any member of any board, commission, council or other collegial body established by the General Assembly in the executive branch of state government except those boards provided for in subsection—A C of § 23.1-1300, and fill the vacancy resulting from the removal subject to confirmation by the General Assembly.

C.B. The Governor shall set forth in a written public statement his reasons for removing any member pursuant to this section at the time the removal occurs. The Governor shall be the sole judge of the sufficiency of the cause for removal as set forth in this section.

Drafting note: The provisions of subsection A of this section regarding the removal of board members from public institutions of higher education or other educational institutions are moved into proposed subsection C of § 23.1-1300 in Chapter 13.