1	CHAPTER-4 <u>X [3]</u> .				
2	FORM AND EFFECT OF DEEDS AND COVENANTS; LIENS.				
3	Drafting note: Existing Chapter 4, Form and Effect of Deeds and Covenants;				
4	Liens, is retained as proposed Chapter XX [3]. This proposed chapter is divided into				
5	four articles: Article 1, Form ad Effect of Deeds: Easements; Article 2, Form and Effect				
6	of Deeds of Trust; Sales Thereunder; Assignments; Releases; Article 3, Mortgage				
7	Satisfaction; Article 4, Effect of Certain Expressions in Deeds. Existing Article 4, the				
8	Residential Ground Rent Act, consisting of existing §§ 55-79.01 through 55-79.06, is				
9	relocated to proposed Chapter XX of Subtitle III, Rental Conveyances.				
10	Article 1.				
11	Form and Effect of Deeds-and-Leases; Easements.				
12	Drafting note: Existing Article 1, relating to the form and effect of deeds, is				
13	retained. Existing §§ 55-57 and 55-57.1, dealing with deeds of lease, are logically				
14	relocated to proposed Chapter XX of Subtitle III. The proposed article is retitled to				
15	reflect the sections related to easements.				
16	§ <u>-55-48_55.1-xxx</u> . Form of a deed.				
17	Every deed and corrected or amended deed may be made in the following form, or to				
18	the same effect: "This deed, made the day of, in the year,				
19	between (here insert names of parties as grantors or grantees), witnesseth: that in consideration				
20	of (here state the consideration, nominal or actual), the said does (or				
21	do) grant (or grant and convey) unto the said, all (here describe the				
22	property or interest therein to be conveyed, including the name of the city or county in which				
23	the property is located, and insert covenants or any other provisions). Witness the following				
24	signature (or signatures)."				
25	Drafting note: No change.				

26 § <u>55-49</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. How construed.

27 Every such <u>Unless the deed provides otherwise, any deed conveying lands land</u> shall,

unless an exception be made therein, be construed to include all the estate, right, title, and
interest-whatever, both at law and in equity, of the grantor in or to such-lands land.

- **30** Drafting note: Language is updated for modern usage.
- 31

§-55-49.1 55.1-xxx. Construction of generic terms.

32 In the interpretation of deeds, adopted persons and persons born out of wedlock are 33 included in class gift terminology or terms of relationship in accordance with rules for 34 determining relationships for purposes of intestate succession unless a contrary intent appears 35 on the face of the deed. In determining the intent of a grantor, adopted persons are 36 presumptively included in such terms as "children," "issue," "kindred," "heirs," "relatives," 37 "descendents" "descendants," or similar words of classification and are presumptively 38 excluded by such terms as "natural children," "issue of the body," "blood kindred," "heirs of 39 the body," "blood relatives,"-"descendents "descendants of the body," or similar words of 40 classification.

41

Drafting note: Technical changes.

42 §-55-50_55.1-xxx. Appurtenances, etc., included in deed of land; relocation of
43 easement.

Every deed conveying land shall be construed to include all buildings, privileges, and
appurtenances of every kind belonging to the lands therein embraced such land unless an
exception therefor is made in the deed.

47

§ 55.1-xxx. Relocation of easement.

48 The owner of land <u>which that</u> is subject to an easement for the purpose of ingress and 49 egress may relocate the easement, on the servient estate, by recording in the office of the clerk 50 of the circuit court of the county or city <u>wherein in which</u> the easement or any part <u>thereof of</u> 51 <u>such easement</u> is located, a written agreement evidencing the consent of all affected persons 52 and setting forth the new location of the easement. In the absence of such written agreement, the owner of the land <u>which that</u> is subject to such easement may seek relocation of the easement on the servient estate upon petition to the circuit court and notice to all parties in interest. The petition shall be granted if, after a hearing held, the court finds that (i) the relocation will not result in economic damage to the parties in interest, (ii) there will be no undue hardship created by the relocation, and (iii) the easement has been in existence for not less than ten 10 years.

59 Drafting note: Existing § 55-50 is divided into two proposed sections because it 60 contains two distinct topics: appurtenances and relocation of an easement. Technical 61 changes are made.

62

§ <u>55-50.1</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Enjoyment of easement.

63 Unless otherwise provided for in the terms of an easement, the owner of a dominant 64 estate shall not use an easement in a way that is not reasonably consistent with the uses 65 contemplated by the grant of the easement, and the owner of the servient estate shall not 66 engage in an activity or cause to be present any objects either upon the burdened land or 67 immediately adjacent thereto which to such land that unreasonably interferes with the 68 enjoyment of the easement by the owner of the dominant estate. The term For the purposes of 69 this section, "object" as contained in this section shall does not include any fence, electric 70 fence, cattle guard, gate, or division fence adjacent to such easement as those terms are defined 71 in §§ 55-298.1 55.1-xxx through 55-322 55.1-xxx. Any violation of this section may be 72 deemed a private nuisance, provided, however, that the remedy for a violation of this section 73 shall not in any manner impair the right to any other relief that may be applicable at law or in 74 equity.

75

Drafting note: Technical changes are made.

76 § <u>55-50.2</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Utility easements.

77 A. For the purposes of this section, "utility services" means any products, services, and

78 equipment related to energy, telecommunications, water, and sewerage.

79 B. Where an easement, whether appurtenant or gross, is expressly granted by an 80 instrument recorded on or after July 1, 2006, that imposes on a servient tract of land a covenant 81 (i) to provide an easement in the future for the benefit of utility services; (ii) to relocate, 82 construct, or maintain facilities owned by an entity that provides utility services; or (iii) to 83 pay the cost of such relocation, construction, or maintenance, such covenant shall be deemed 84 for all purposes to touch and concern the servient tract, to run with the servient tract, its 85 successors, and assigns for the benefit of the entity providing utility services, its successors, 86 and assigns.

87 "Utility services" for the purposes of this section, means any products, services and
88 equipment related to energy, telecommunications, water and sewerage.

89

90

Drafting note: Technical changes.

§-55-50.3 55.1-xxx. Public road easements; maintenance and improvements.

91 Whenever a public road that has never been abandoned but is no longer publicly 92 maintained serves as access for more than one property owner and operates as the primary 93 source of ingress and egress for that property, any one of the property owners may maintain, 94 repair, or improve the road at his own expense without the express permission of the other 95 property owners but only after administrative review by the local government. All other 96 property owners shall be notified by mail of any pending maintenance, repair, or 97 improvements prior to commencement of the work. Nothing in this section, however, shall be 98 construed as allowing the property owner who is doing the maintenance, repairs, or 99 improvements to the road to interfere with the other property owners' use of the road for 100 ingress and egress.

101

Drafting note: Technical change.

102 § <u>55-50.4</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Private roads; public use; maintenance and improvements.

103 Notwithstanding any provision of a recorded deed or plat to the contrary, a private104 road serving a subdivision of 50 or fewer lots may be dedicated for public use and may be

#XX: Form and Effect of Deeds and Covenants; Liens

105 taken into the secondary state highway system, subject to the provisions and requirements set 106 forth in §§ 33.2-335 and 33.2-336, if the owner of the fee interest in such private road obtains 107 the written consent of every lot owner in the subdivision whose lot is served by the private 108 road and the holder of any restrictive covenant or easement rights over and concerning the 109 private road prior to making such dedication and before requirements for acceptance of the 110 road into the secondary state highway system are met. Such consent shall be recorded in the 111 land records of the clerk's office of the circuit court of the county wherein in which the private 112 road is located.

113

114

Drafting note: Technical change.

§-<u>55-52</u><u>55.1-xxx</u>.Conveyance of property not owned but subsequently acquired.

When a deed purports to convey property, real or personal, describing it with reasonable certainty, <u>which that</u> the grantor does not own at the time of the execution of the deed, but subsequently acquires, such deed shall, as between the parties thereto, have the same effect as if the title <u>which that</u> the grantor subsequently acquires were vested in him at the time of the execution of such deed and thereby conveyed.

120

Drafting note: Technical changes.

121 § <u>55-53</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Vendor's equitable lien abolished.

If any person-<u>hereafter convey_conveys</u> any real estate and the purchase money or any part thereof<u>remain_remains</u> unpaid at the time of the conveyance, he shall not thereby have a lien for such unpaid purchase money, unless such lien is expressly reserved on the face of the conveyance.

126

Drafting note: Technical changes.

127 § <u>55-54 55.1-xxx</u>. Certain deeds to county real estate validated.

All deeds executed prior to January 1, 1920, by a county commissioner, <u>or county</u>
commissioners, or <u>a</u> board of supervisors, <u>conveying that convey</u> any part of the real estate
previously acquired by such county for county purposes, are hereby validated, and declared

131 to have effectually passed the title to the part so conveyed even though the conveyance thereof

132 reduced the real estate of the county to an area less than the county was required by law to

- 133 own at the time of such conveyance.
- 134

135

Drafting note: Technical changes.

§-55-55 55.1-xxx. Validation of sales, etc., by county courts prior to 1860.

All sales or leases made prior to the year 1860, by the county court, or court of monthly
session, of any county, of any land or building then owned by such county and situated within
the limits of land previously acquired by such county as a site for its courthouse and other
public buildings, when the consideration therefor has been fully paid and the purchaser, or
lessee as the case may be, and those claiming through or under him, shall have held continuous
possession of such land or building from January 1, 1860, until January 1, 1934, are hereby
validated and declared to be forever binding upon such county.

143

Drafting note: Technical changes.

144 §-<u>55-56_55.1-xxx</u>. Deeds and writings executed for persons in military service, etc.,
145 under defective powers.

146 All deeds or other writings executed by an agent or attorney in fact attorney-in-fact for 147 a person in the armed forces or military service of the United States, or for a person who after 148 executing a power of attorney or agency agreement entered the armed forces or military 149 service of the United States, or for a person who departed from the United States by permission 150 or direction of any department or official of the United States in connection with work relating 151 to the prosecution of the war, when the power of attorney or agency agreement under which 152 the deed or other instrument was signed was not executed in such a manner as to be valid as 153 a sealed instrument, shall be held, and the same are hereby declared, valid and effective in all 154 respects if otherwise valid according to the law then in force.

155 The provisions of this section shall not operate to affect adversely intervening vested156 rights.

157

Drafting note: Technical change.

158 § 55-57.2 55.1-xxx. Effect of option; recording.

159 A. Any option to purchase real estate, and any memorandum, renewal, or extension 160 thereof of such option, shall be void as to (i) all purchasers for valuable consideration without 161 notice who are not parties thereto to such instrument and (ii) lien creditors, until such **162** instrument is recorded in the county or city-where in which the property embraced in the 163 option, memorandum, renewal, or extension is located.

164 B. Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity denominated "fettering," "clogging the 165 equity of redemption" or "claiming a collateral advantage" or any similar rule:

166 1. A party secured by a mortgage or deed of trust, without adversely affecting his 167 security interest, may acquire from a borrower any direct or indirect present or future 168 ownership interest in the collateral encumbered thereby, including rights to any income, 169 proceeds, or increase in value derived from such collateral; and

170 2. An option to acquire an interest in real estate granted to a party secured by a 171 mortgage or deed of trust, other than an option granted to such party in connection with a 172 mortgage loan as defined in § 6.2-1600, is effective according to its terms and takes priority 173 as provided in subsection A of this section if the right to exercise the option is not dependent 174 upon the occurrence of a default under the mortgage or deed of trust.

175

Drafting note: Technical changes.

176

Article 2.

177 Form and Effect of Deeds of Trust; Sales Thereunder; Assignments; Releases.

178 Drafting note: Existing Article 2 is retained and contains provisions pertaining to

179 the effect of deeds of trust, sales thereunder, assignments, and releases.

- 180 § 55-58 55.1-xxx. Form of deed of trust to secure debts, etc.
- 181 A deed of trust to secure debts or indemnify sureties may be in the following form, or
- to the same effect: "This deed, made the _____ day of _____, in the year _____, 182

#XX: Form and Effect of Deeds and Covenants; Liens

between ______ (the grantor) and ______ (the grantor) does (or do) grant
trustee), witnesseth: that the said ______ (the grantor) does (or do) grant
(or grant and convey) unto the said ______ (the trustee), the following
property (here describe it): In trust to secure (here describe the debts to be secured or the
sureties to be indemnified and insert covenants or any other provisions the parties may agree
upon). Witness the following signature (or signatures)."

189

Drafting note: No change.

190 § <u>55-58.1 55.1-xxx</u>. Requirements for trustees.

191 A. No person may be named or act, in person or by agent or attorney, as the trustee of 192 a deed of trust conveying property to secure the payment of money or the performance of an 193 obligation, either individually or as one of several trustees, unless such person is a resident of 194 the Commonwealth. No corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity 195 may be named or act as the trustee or as one of the trustees of a deed of trust conveying 196 property to secure the payment of money or the performance of an obligation, unless it is 197 organized under the laws of the Commonwealth or of the United States of America. However, 198 the foregoing requirements shall not apply to any deed of trust conveying property lying partly 199 in the Commonwealth and partly outside the Commonwealth or to a deed of trust conveying 200 property in the Commonwealth to secure bonds or obligations that are also secured by one or 201 more deeds of trust or mortgages conveying property outside of the Commonwealth.

B. A deed of trust conveying property to secure the payment of money or the
performance of an obligation shall state the full residence or business address of the trustee or
trustees named therein in such deed of trust, including street address and zip code, which and
such address shall be valid for purposes of all notices under the deed of trust to the trustee.
Such address of the trustee or trustees may be changed by amendment of the deed of trust or
by a separate instrument executed by the trustee or trustees, or by the beneficiary of such deed

208 of trust, stating the changed address and otherwise in recordable form, and recorded in the209 office of the clerk of the circuit court where the deed of trust was recorded.

C. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, if any deed of trust is admitted
 recorded by a clerk-for recordation, it shall be conclusively presumed that such deed of trust
 complies with all the requirements of this section, and it shall be deemed to be validly
 recorded.

D. All deeds of trusts, mortgages, bonds, or other instruments recorded by-the_a clerk prior to January 1, 1999, without the residence or business address of the trustee-or trustees named-therein in such deed of trust shall be valid for all purposes as if such address had been named-therein, if such recordation-be_is otherwise valid according to the law then in force, provided that this section shall not affect any right or remedy of any third party that accrued after the recordation of <u>said_such</u> instrument or before July 1, 1960.

Drafting note: In subsections B and D, "or trustees" is deleted on the basis of §
1-227, which states that throughout the Code any word used in the singular includes the
plural. Technical changes.

223 §-55-58.2_55.1-xxx. Credit line deed of trust defined; relative priority of credit line
224 deed of trust and other instruments of judgment.

A. For the purpose of this section:

"Beneficiary" means the noteholder, lender, or other party or parties identified in the
credit line deed of trust as secured thereby. In the case of a credit line deed of trust that
identifies a party acting as agent for all of the lenders or parties secured by a credit line deed
of trust, such agent shall be the beneficiary for purposes-hereof of this section.

"Credit line deed of trust" means any deed of trust, mortgage, bond, or other
instrument; entered into after July 1, 1982, in which title to real property located in the
Commonwealth is conveyed, transferred, encumbered, or pledged to secure payment of
money, including advances; or other extensions of credit; to be made in the future.

B. A credit line deed of trust shall set forth on the front page thereof, either in capital
letters or in language underscored, the words "THIS IS A CREDIT LINE DEED OF TRUST."
Such phrase shall convey notice to all parties that advances or other extensions of credit are
to be made or are contemplated to be made from time to time against the security described
in the credit line deed of trust. Such credit line deed of trust shall specify therein the maximum
aggregate amount of principal to be secured at any one time.

240 C. From the date and actual time of the recording of a credit line deed of trust, the lien 241 thereof shall have priority (i) as to all other deeds, conveyances, or other instruments, or 242 contracts in writing, which that are unrecorded as of such date and time of recording and of 243 which the beneficiary has no knowledge or notice and (ii) as to judgment liens subsequently 244 docketed, except as provided in subsection D. Such priority shall extend to any advances or 245 other extensions of credit made following the recordation of the credit line deed of trust. 246 Amounts outstanding, together with interest-thereon, and other items provided by \$-55-59247 55.1-xxx, shall continue to have priority until paid or curtailed. Mechanics' liens created under 248 Title 43 shall continue to enjoy the same priority as created by that title. Purchase money 249 security interests in goods and fixtures shall have the same priority as provided in Subpart 3 250 (§ 8.9A-317 et seq.) of Part 3 of Title 8.9A.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B, and C, if a judgment creditor gives written notice to the beneficiary of record at the address indicated in the credit line deed of trust, such credit line deed of trust shall have no priority as to such judgment for any advances or extensions of credit made under such credit line deed of trust from the day following receipt of that notice except those <u>which that</u> have been unconditionally and irrevocably committed prior to such date.

E. In addition to the language specified in subsection B, the credit line deed of trust shall set forth the name of the beneficiary and the address at which communications may be mailed or delivered to the beneficiary. Such name or address may be changed or modified by duly recorded instrument executed by the beneficiary only. If the note or indebtedness secured
by the credit line deed of trust is assigned or transferred, the name and address of the new
beneficiary may be set forth in the certificate of transfer provided by §-55-66.01_55.1-xxx.
Such original name or address, or if changed, such changed name or address, shall be the
address for delivery of notices contemplated by this section. Receipt of notice at such address
shall be deemed receipt by the beneficiary.

F. The grantor may require, at any time, a modification under the credit line deed of
trust, whereby any priority over subsequently recorded deeds of trust is surrendered as to
future advances or other extensions of credit, which advances or extensions of credit are in
the discretion of the party secured by the credit line deed of trust.

G. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B, and C, if a deed of trust under
this section is a subordinate mortgage, as defined in subsection A of § <u>55-58.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>, upon
the recording of a refinance mortgage, as defined in subsection A of § <u>55-58.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>, the
credit line deed of trust shall retain the same subordinate position with respect to the refinance
mortgage as it had with the prior mortgage, as defined in subsection A of § <u>55-58.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>,
provided that the refinance mortgage complies with the requirements of § <u>55-58.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>.

276

Drafting note: Technical changes.

277 § <u>55-58.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Priority of residential refinance mortgage over subordinate
278 mortgage.

A. As used in this section:

280 "Prior mortgage" means a mortgage, deed of trust, or other instrument encumbering
281 or conveying an interest in residential real estate containing not more than one dwelling unit
282 to secure a financing.

283 "Refinance mortgage" means a mortgage, deed of trust, or other instrument
284 encumbering or conveying an interest in residential real estate containing not more than one
285 dwelling unit to secure a refinancing.

286 "Refinancing" means the replacement of a loan secured by a prior mortgage with a
287 new loan secured by a refinance mortgage and the payment in full of the debt owed under the
288 original loan secured by the prior mortgage.

"Subordinate mortgage" means a mortgage or deed of trust securing an original
principal amount not exceeding \$150,000, encumbering or conveying an interest in residential
real estate containing not more than one dwelling unit that is subordinate in priority (i) under
subdivision A 1 of §-55-96 55.1-xxx or (ii) as a result of a previous refinancing.

B. Upon the refinancing of a prior mortgage, a subordinate mortgage shall retain the
same subordinate position with respect to a refinance mortgage as the subordinate mortgage
had with the prior mortgage, provided that:

296 1. Such refinance mortgage states on the first page thereof in bold or capitalized letters:
297 "THIS IS A REFINANCE OF A (DEED OF TRUST, MORTGAGE OR OTHER SECURITY
298 INTEREST) RECORDED IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE, CIRCUIT COURT OF (NAME OF
299 COUNTY OR CITY), VIRGINIA, IN DEED BOOK _____, PAGE _____, IN
300 THE ORIGINAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF _____, AND WITH THE
301 OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL BALANCE WHICH IS _____.";

302 2. The principal amount secured by such refinance mortgage does not exceed the303 outstanding principal balance secured by the prior mortgage plus \$5,000; and

304 3. The interest rate is stated in the refinance mortgage at the time it is recorded and305 does not exceed the interest rate set forth in the prior mortgage.

306 C. The priorities among two or more subordinate mortgages shall be governed by
307 subdivision A 1 of §-55-96_55.1-xxx.

308 D. The provisions of subsection B shall not apply to a subordinate mortgage securing
309 a promissory note payable to any-county, city or town locality or any agency, authority, or
310 political subdivision of the Commonwealth if such subordinate mortgage is financed pursuant
311 to an affordable dwelling unit ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-2304 or 15.2-2305, or

323

312 pursuant to any program authorized by federal or state law or local ordinance or resolution, 313 for (i)-low-low-income and moderate-income persons or households or (ii) improvements to 314 residential potable water supplies and sanitary sewage disposal systems made to address an 315 existing or potential public health hazard, and which mortgage, if recorded on or after July 1, 316 2003, states on the first page thereof in bold or capitalized letters: "THIS (DEED OF TRUST, 317 MORTGAGE OR OTHER SECURITY INTEREST) SHALL NOT, WITHOUT THE 318 CONSENT OF THE SECURED PARTY HEREUNDER, BE SUBORDINATED UPON 319 THE REFINANCING OF ANY PRIOR MORTGAGE."

320 Drafting note: The phrase "county, city, or town" is replaced with "locality" on
321 the basis of § 1-221, which states that throughout the Code "'locality' means a county,
322 city, or town." Technical changes are made.

§ <u>55-59</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. How deed of trust construed; duties, rights, etc., of parties.

Every deed of trust to secure debts or indemnify sureties is in the nature of a contract and shall be construed according to its terms to the extent not in conflict with the requirements of law. Unless the deed of trust provides otherwise provided therein, it shall be construed to impose and confer upon the parties thereto, and the beneficiaries thereunder, the following duties, rights, and obligations in like manner as if the same were expressly provided for by such deed of trust:

330 1. The deed shall be construed as given to secure the performance of each of the331 covenants entered into by the grantor as well as the payment of the primary obligation.

332 2. The grantor shall be deemed to covenant that he will pay all taxes, levies,
333 assessments, and charges upon the property, including the fees and charges of such agents or
334 attorneys as the trustee may deem advisable to employ at any time for the purpose of the trust,
335 so long as any obligation upon the grantor under the deed of trust remains undischarged.

336 3. The grantor shall be deemed to covenant that he will keep the improvements on the
337 property in tenantable condition, whether such improvements were on the property when the
338 deed of trust was given or were thereafter placed thereon placed there at a later time.

339 4. The grantor shall be deemed to covenant that no waste shall be committed or340 suffered upon the property.

341 5. The grantor shall be deemed to covenant that in the event of his failure to meet any 342 obligations imposed upon him, then the trustee or any beneficiary may, at his option, satisfy 343 the same such obligations. The money so advanced, with interest thereon as provided in the 344 deed of trust, shall be a part of the debt secured by the deed of trust, in the event of sale to be 345 paid next after the expenses of executing the trust, and shall be otherwise recoverable from 346 the grantor as a debt. In addition, to the extent not otherwise covered, the grantor shall be 347 deemed to covenant that amount advanced or incurred by the trustee or any beneficiary under 348 a deed of trust (i) with respect to an obligation secured by a lien or encumbrance prior to the 349 lien of the deed of trust or (ii) for the protection of the lien secured by the deed of trust, together 350 with interest as provided in the deed of trust, shall be a part of the debt secured by the deed of 351 trust, to be paid next after expenses of executing the trust.

6. A covenant to pay interest shall be deemed a covenant to pay interest on the principal balance as such rate may vary or be modified from time to time by the parties under the original instruments or agreements or a written agreement of modification, whether or not recorded, and all the interest on the principal secured by the deed of trust shall be on an equal priority with the principal debt secured by the deed of trust, in the event of sale to be paid next after the expenses of executing the trust.

Any covenant, otherwise authorized by law, that the lender shall be entitled to share in the gross income or the net income, or the gross rent or revenues, or net rents or revenues of the property, or in any portion of the proceeds or appreciation upon sale or appraisal or similar event, shall be on an equal priority with the principal debt secured by the deed of trust, in the event of sale to be paid next after the expenses of executing the trust, and shall bespecified in the recorded deed of trust or other recorded document in order to be notice ofrecord as against subsequent parties.

365 7. In the event of default in the payment of the debt secured, or any part thereof, at 366 maturity, or in the payment of interest when due, or of the breach of any of the covenants 367 entered into or imposed upon the grantor, then at the request of any beneficiary the trustee 368 shall forthwith declare all the debts and obligations secured by the deed of trust at once due 369 and payable and may take possession of the property and proceed to sell the same at auction 370 at the premises or in the front of the circuit court building or at such other place in the county 371 or city or county in which the property or the greater part thereof lies, or in the corporate limits 372 of any city surrounded by or contiguous to such county, or in the case of annexed land, in the 373 county of which the land was formerly a part, as the trustee may select upon such terms and 374 conditions as the trustee may deem best.

8. If the sale is upon credit terms, the deferred purchase money shall bear interest from
the day of sale and shall be secured by a deed of trust upon the property contemporaneous
with the trustee's deed to the purchaser.

378 9. The party secured by the deed of trust, or the holders of greater than fifty 50 percent 379 of the monetary obligations secured thereby, shall have the right and power to appoint a one 380 or more substitute trustee or trustees for any reason and, regardless of whether such right and 381 power is expressly granted in such deed of trust, by executing and acknowledging an 382 instrument designating and appointing a substitute. When the instrument of appointment has 383 been executed, the substitute trustee or trustees named therein shall be vested with all the 384 powers, rights, authority, and duties vested in the trustee or trustees in the original deed of 385 trust. The instrument of appointment shall be recorded in the office of the clerk-wherein in 386 which the original deed of trust is recorded prior to or at the time of recordation of any

instrument in which a power, right, authority, or duty conferred by the original deed of trustis exercised.

389 Drafting note: In subdivision 9, "or trustees" is deleted on the basis of § 1-227,
390 which states that throughout the Code any word used in the singular includes the plural.
391 Technical changes.

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393

§ <u>55-59.1</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Notices required before sale by trustee to owners, lienors, etc.; if note lost.

394 A. In addition to the advertisement required by $\frac{55-59.2}{55.1-xxx}$, the trustee or the 395 party secured shall give written notice of the time, date, and place of any proposed sale in 396 execution of a deed of trust, which and such notice shall include either (i) the instrument 397 number or deed book and page numbers of the instrument of appointment filed pursuant to § 398 55-59, 55.1-xxx or (ii) said notice shall include a copy of the executed and notarized 399 appointment of substitute trustee by personal delivery or by mail to-(i) (a) the present owner **400** of the property to be sold at his last known address as such owner and address appear in the 401 records of the party secured, (ii); (b) any subordinate lienholder who holds a note against the **402** property secured by a deed of trust recorded at least 30 days prior to the proposed sale and 403 whose address is recorded with the deed of trust, (iii); (c) any assignee of such a note secured 404 by a deed of trust, provided that the assignment and address of assignee are likewise recorded 405 at least 30 days prior to the proposed sale, (iv); (d) any condominium unit owners' association 406 which that has filed a lien pursuant to $\frac{55-79.84}{(v)}$ 55.1-xxx; (e) any property owners' **407** association which that has filed a lien pursuant to § 55-516, 55.1-xxx; and (vi) (f) any **408** proprietary lessees' association-which that has filed a lien pursuant to §-55-472 55.1-xxx. 409 Written notice shall be given pursuant to clauses (iv), (v) and (vi), (d), (e), and (f) only if the 410 lien is recorded at least 30 days prior to the proposed sale. Mailing of a copy of the 411 advertisement or a notice containing the same information to the owner by certified or 412 registered mail no less than 14 days prior to such sale and to lienholders, the property owners'

413 association or proprietary lessees' association, their assigns, and the condominium unit 414 owners' association, at the address noted in the memorandum of lien, by ordinary mail no less 415 than 14 days prior to such sale shall be a sufficient compliance with the requirement of notice. 416 The written notice of proposed sale when given as provided herein in this subsection shall be 417 deemed an effective exercise of any right of acceleration contained in such deed of trust or 418 otherwise possessed by the party secured relative to the indebtedness secured. The inadvertent 419 failure to give notice as required by this subsection shall not impose liability on either the 420 trustee or the secured party.

421 B. If a note or other evidence of indebtedness secured by a deed of trust is lost or for 422 any reason cannot be produced and the beneficiary submits to the trustee an affidavit to that 423 effect, the trustee may nonetheless proceed to sale, provided that the beneficiary has given 424 written notice to the person required to pay the instrument that the instrument is unavailable 425 and a request for sale will be made of the trustee upon expiration of 14 days from the date of 426 mailing of the notice. The notice shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to 427 the last known address of the person required to pay the instrument as reflected in the records 428 of the beneficiary and shall include the name and mailing address of the trustee. The notice 429 shall further advise the person required to pay the instrument that if he believes he may be 430 subject to a claim by a person other than the beneficiary to enforce the instrument, he may 431 petition the circuit court of the county or city where the property or some part thereof lies for 432 an order requiring the beneficiary to provide adequate protection against any such claim. If 433 deemed appropriate by the court, the court may condition the sale on a finding that the person 434 required to pay the instrument is adequately protected against loss that might occur by reason 435 of a claim by another person to enforce the instrument. Adequate protection may be provided 436 by any reasonable means. If the trustee proceeds to sale, the fact that the instrument is lost or 437 cannot be produced shall not affect the authority of the trustee to sell or the validity of the 438 sale.

C. When the written notice of proposed sale is given as provided <u>herein in this section</u>,
there <u>shall be is</u> a rebuttable presumption that the lienholder has complied with any
requirement to provide notice of default contained in a deed of trust. Failure to comply with
the requirements of notice contained in this section shall not affect the validity of the sale, and
a purchaser for value at such sale shall be under no duty to ascertain whether such notice was
validly given.

445 D. In the event of postponement of sale, which may be done in the discretion of the446 trustee, no new or additional notice need is required to be given pursuant to this section.

447

Drafting note: Technical changes.

448 § 55-59.1:1. Expired.

449 Drafting note: Expired pursuant to Acts 2008, c. 878, on July 1, 2010.

450 § <u>55-59.2</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Advertisement required before sale by trustee.

A. Advertisement of sale by a trustee or trustees in execution of a deed of trust shall
be in a newspaper having a general circulation in the <u>county or city or county wherein in which</u>
the property to be sold, or any portion-thereof of such property, lies pursuant to the following
provisions:

455 1. If the deed of trust itself provides for the number of publications of such newspaper 456 advertisement, which may be done by using the words "advertisement required" or similar 457 words of like purport followed by the number agreed upon, then no other or different 458 advertisement shall be necessary, provided that, if such advertisement be inserted on a weekly 459 basis, it shall be published not less than once a week for two weeks, and if such advertisement 460 be inserted on a daily basis, it shall be published not less than once a day for three days, which may be consecutive days, and in either case shall be subject to the provisions of §-55-63_55.1-461 462 xxx in the same manner as if the method were set forth in the deed of trust. Should the deed 463 of trust provide for advertising on other than a weekly or daily basis, either of the foregoing **464** provisions shall be complied with in addition to those provided in such deed of trust. 465 Notwithstanding the provisions of the deed of trust, the sale shall be held on any day following
466 the day of the last advertisement <u>which that</u> is no earlier than eight days following the first
467 advertisement <u>nor or</u> more than <u>thirty 30</u> days following the last advertisement.

468 2. If the deed of trust does not provide for the number of publications of such 469 newspaper advertisement, the trustee shall advertise once a week for four successive weeks 470 provided, however, that if the property or some portion thereof of such property is located in 471 a city or in a county immediately contiguous to a city, publication of the advertisement five 472 different days, which may be consecutive days, shall be deemed adequate. The sale shall be 473 held on any day following the day of the last advertisement which that is no earlier than eight 474 days following the first advertisement nor more than thirty 30 days following the last 475 advertisement.

476 B. Such advertisement shall be placed in that section of the newspaper where legal477 notices appear or where the type of property being sold is generally advertised for sale.

478 C. In addition to the advertisement required by subsection A-above, the trustee shall
479 give such other further and different advertisement as the deed of trust may require and in
480 addition may give such additional advertisement as he may deem appropriate.

481 D. In the event of postponement of sale, which postponement shall be at the discretion
482 of the trustee, advertisement of such postponed sale shall be in the same manner as the original
483 advertisement of sale.

484 E. Failure to comply with the requirements for advertisement contained in this section485 shall, upon petition, render a sale of the property voidable by the court.

486

Drafting note: Technical changes.

487 § <u>55-59.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Contents of advertisements of sale.

488 A. The advertisement of sale under any deed of trust, in addition to such other matters
489 as may be required by such deed of trust or by the trustee, in his discretion, shall set forth a
490 description of the property to be sold, which. Such description need not be as extensive as that

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491 contained in the deed of trust, and but it shall identify the property by street address, if any,
492 or, if none, shall give the general location of the property with reference to streets, routes, or
493 known landmarks. Where available, tax map identification may be used but is not required.
494 The advertisement shall also include the time, place, and terms of sale and shall give the name
495 or names of the trustee or trustees. It shall set forth the name, address, and telephone number
496 of such a person-(, either a trustee or the party secured or his agent or attorney) as who may
497 be able to respond to inquiries concerning the sale.

498 B. 1. If the property being sold is a time-share estate or estates, the advertisement of 499 sale required under subsection A of § 55-59.2 55.1-xxx shall set forth, in addition to such 500 other matters as the trustee finds appropriate, (i) a description of the specific time-share estate 501 or estates to be sold, which and such description shall also shall include (a) the name of the 502 time-share project and (b) the street address of the time-share $project_{\overline{2}}$ or if no street address, 503 the general location of the time-share project with reference to streets, routes, or known 504 landmarks; (ii) the date, time, place, and terms of sale; (iii) the name of the trustee; and (iv) 505 the name, address, and telephone number of the representative, agent, or attorney who is 506 authorized to respond to inquiries concerning the sale and shall give additional information 507 concerning the time-share estate or estates to be sold.

508 2. In lieu of the requirements of subdivision 1, the advertisement shall set forth (i) the 509 name of the time-share project in which the time-share estate or estates to be sold are 510 contained; (ii) the street address of the time-share project in which the time-share estate or 511 estates to be sold are contained, or, if no street address, the general location of the time-share 512 project with reference to streets, routes, or known landmarks; (iii) the date, time, place, and 513 terms of sale; (iv) the name of the trustee; and (v) the name, address, and telephone number 514 of the representative, agent, or attorney who is authorized to respond to inquiries concerning 515 the sale and shall give additional information concerning the time-share estate or estates to be 516 sold, including providing, upon request, in either hard copy or electronic form, a schedule of 517 the time-share estate or estates to be sold. In addition, the advertisement shall contain a website 518 address where a description of the specific time-share estate or estates to be sold is displayed. 519 Drafting note: In subdivision B 1, "or estates" is deleted on the basis of § 1-227, 520 which states that throughout the Code any word used in the singular includes the plural. 521 **Technical changes.**

522

§ 55-59.4 55.1-xxx. Powers and duties of trustee in event of sale under or satisfaction 523 of deed of trust.

524 A. In the event of sale under a deed of trust, the trustee shall have the following powers 525 and duties in addition to all others:

526 1. Written one-price bids may be made and shall be received by the trustee from the 527 beneficiary or any other person for entry by announcement of the trustee at the sale. Any 528 person other than the trustee may bid at the foreclosure sale, including a person who has 529 submitted a written one-price bid. Upon request to the trustee or trustees, any other bidder in 530 attendance at a foreclosure sale shall be permitted to inspect written bids. Whenever the 531 written bid of the beneficiary is the highest bid submitted at the sale, such document shall be 532 filed by the trustee with his account of sale required under § 64.2-1309. The written bid 533 submitted pursuant to this subsection may be prepared by the beneficiary, its agent, or its 534 attorney.

535 2. The trustee may require of any bidder at any sale a cash deposit of as much as ten 536 per centum 10 percent of the sale price -(, unless the deed of trust specifies a higher or lower 537 maximum, which may be done by the words "bidder's deposit of not more than ______

538 dollars may be required," or similar words-of like purport), before his bid is received, which 539 shall be refunded to the bidder unless the property is sold to him, otherwise to be applied to 540 his credit in settlement or, should he fail to complete his purchase promptly, to be applied to 541 pay the costs and expense of sale and the balance, if any, to be retained by the trustee as his 542 compensation in connection with that sale.

543 3. The trustee shall receive and receipt for the proceeds of sale, account for the same 544 to the commissioner of accounts pursuant to § 64.2-1309 and apply the same, first, to 545 discharge the expenses of executing the trust, including a reasonable commission to the 546 trustee; secondly, to discharge all taxes, levies, and assessments, with costs and interest if they 547 have priority over the lien of the deed of trust, including the due pro rata thereof for the current **548** year; thirdly, to discharge in the order of their priority, if any, the remaining debts and 549 obligations secured by the deed, and any liens of record inferior to the deed of trust under 550 which sale is made, with lawful interest; and, fourthly, the residue of the proceeds shall be 551 paid to the grantor or his assigns; provided, however, that the trustee as to such residue shall 552 not be bound by any inheritance, devise, conveyance, assignment, or lien of or upon the 553 grantor's equity, without actual notice thereof prior to distribution; and provided further that 554 such order of priorities shall not be changed or varied by the deed of trust. The trustee's deed 555 shall show the trustee's mailing address.

B. Upon discharge (,_other than by sale by the trustee), of all debts, duties, and
obligations imposed by the deed upon the grantor, including any expenses incurred
preparatory to sale, then upon the grantor's request the trustee shall execute and deliver a good
and sufficient deed of release at the grantor's own proper costs and charges.

560 Drafting note: In subdivision A 1, the phrase "or trustees" is deleted after 561 "trustee" on the basis of § 1-227, which states that throughout the Code any word used 562 in the singular includes the plural and vice versa. Technical changes are made.

- 563 §-55-60_55.1-xxx. Meaning of phrases that may be included in-such trust deed of trust.
 564 The following provisions may be incorporated in any-such deed of trust to secure debts
 565 or indemnify sureties in the respective short forms indicated, namely:
- 566 (1)-1. The words "identified by trustee's signature," or similar words of like purport,
 567 shall be construed as if the deed set forth: "All of which said notes (or other obligations) bear

the marginal signature of the trustee for the purpose of identification but for no other purposewhatever."

570 (2)-2. The words "deferred purchase money," "purchase money," or <u>similar</u> words-of 571 like purport, shall be construed as if the deed set forth: "This deed of trust is a 572 contemporaneous purchase money deed of trust and secures the payment of deferred purchase 573 money due by the grantor upon the property hereby conveyed." Any deed of trust securing a 574 loan, proceeds of which are used by the borrower to acquire the secured real property, shall 575 be deemed to be a purchase money deed of trust.

576 (3)-3. The words "exemptions waived," or similar words of like purport, shall be
577 construed as if the deed set forth: "The grantor hereby waives the benefit of his exemptions as
578 to the debt hereby secured and as to all other obligations which that may be imposed upon
579 him by the provisions of this deed of trust."

580 (4)-4. The words "subject to call upon default," or <u>similar</u> words of like purport, shall 581 be construed as if the deed set forth: "Should default be made in the payment of any part of 582 the debt hereby secured, principal or interest, at the maturity of such part, or in the event of 583 the breach of any of the covenants entered into or imposed upon the grantor, then the entire 584 obligation of this deed of trust and the whole debt hereby secured shall, at the option of the 585 beneficiaries, become forthwith due and payable."

586 (5)-5. The words "renewal or extension permitted," or <u>similar</u> words of like purport, 587 shall be construed as if the deed set forth: "The grantor hereby consents and agrees that the 588 debt hereby secured, or any part thereof, may be renewed or extended beyond maturity as 589 often as may be desired by agreement between the creditor and any subsequent owner of the 590 property, and no such renewal or extension shall in any way affect the grantor's responsibility, 591 whether as surety or otherwise."

592 (5a) 6. The words "reinstatement permitted" or similar words of like purport shall be
593 construed as if the deed set forth: "The grantor and any other party assuming liability

594 hereunder hereby consent and agree that if the property conveyed hereby or a substantial 595 portion thereof is transferred to any subsequent owner, and the creditor exercises the right to 596 accelerate the debts secured hereby, the creditor may accept any delinquent payments or other 597 cure of default giving rise to such acceleration from the then owner of the property or any **598** other person and reinstate the indebtedness in accordance with the schedule of maturity as of 599 the time of acceleration or upon such new schedule as may be agreed if renewal or extension 600 are otherwise permitted and no such reinstatement shall in any way affect the liability of such 601 prior parties, whether as surety or otherwise."

The words "renewal, extension, or reinstatement permitted," or similar words of like
 purport, shall have the meaning ascribed to the individual words or phrases in this subsection
 (5a) subdivision and in subsection (5) subdivision 5.

605 (6)-7. The words "right of anticipation reserved," or <u>similar</u> words of like purport, shall
606 be construed as if the deed set forth: "The grantor reserves the right to anticipate the payment
607 of the debt hereby secured, or any part thereof which is represented by a separate note (or
608 other obligation) at any interest period by the payment of principal and interest to the date of
609 such anticipated payment only."

610 (7)-8. The words "priority in direct order of maturity," or <u>similar</u> words of like purport 611 shall be construed as if the deed set forth: "The notes (or other obligations) hereby secured 612 have priority amongst themselves in the direct order of their maturities, each having priority 613 over all others falling due after its maturity." And the words, "priority in inverse order of 614 maturity," or <u>similar</u> words of like purport, shall be construed as if the deed set forth: "The 615 notes (or other obligations) hereby secured have priority amongst themselves in the inverse 616 order of their maturities, each having priority over all others falling due before its maturity."

617 (8)-9. The words "insurance required ______ dollars," or similar words of similar
618 purport, shall be construed as if the deed set forth: "The grantor covenants that he will keep
619 the improvements on the property insured against fire in some solvent insurance company

620 approved by the trustee for the benefit of the beneficiaries hereunder in the sum of at least 621 dollars, and will deposit with the trustee or beneficiary the policies, with standard 622 loss payable clauses with full contribution in favor of the trustee as his interest may appear; 623 and the grantor further covenants that in the event of his failure to keep the property so insured 624 and the policies so deposited, then the trustee or any beneficiary may, at his option, effect such 625 insurance and pay the premium thereon, and the money so paid, with interest thereon, shall 626 become a part of the debt hereby secured, in the event of sale to be paid next after the expenses 627 of executing this trust, and shall be otherwise recoverable from the grantor as a debt, but there 628 shall be no obligation upon the trustee or beneficiary to effect such insurance."

629 (9)-10. The words "substitution of trustee permitted," or similar words of like purport,
630 shall be construed as if the deed set forth: "Grantor grants unto the beneficiary or beneficiaries
631 or to a majority in amount of the holders of the obligations secured hereunder and to their
632 assigns the right and power, under the provisions of § 55-59 55.1-xxx, to appoint a substitute
633 trustee or trustees."

634 (10)-<u>11.</u> The words "any trustee may act," or <u>similar</u> words-<u>of similar purport</u>, shall be
635 construed as if the deed set forth: "The grantors, and all interested in the obligations hereby
636 secured, by accepting the benefits hereof, agree that all authority, power, and discretion
637 hereinabove granted to the trustees may be exercised by any of them, without any other, with
638 the same effect as if exercised jointly by all of them."

639 (11)-12. The words "this is a credit line deed of trust," or similar words of like purport,
640 if in capital letters or underscored and on the first page of the deed of trust and containing the
641 name and address of the noteholder, shall have the meaning set forth in §-55-58.2 55.1-xxx.

Drafting note: In the first sentence, the phrase "to secure debts or indemnify
sureties" is added to modify "deed of trust;" the language is taken from existing § 5559, which, at its original enactment, immediately proceeded existing § 55-60. Technical
changes.

646 § 55-60.1. Evidences of indebtedness placed on equal footing.

When bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness are secured by a deed of trust,
mortgage, vendor's lien or other lien, such bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness
shall, in the event the lien is executed or foreclosed, be secured on an equal footing and shall
be paid ratably out of the proceeds of any sale of property subjected to the lien and shall have
no priority, the one over the other, whether by priority of assignment or otherwise, unless the
instrument creating the lien expressly provides otherwise.

653

Drafting note: Existing § 55-60.1 is recommended for repeal because it is obsolete.

654 §-<u>55-61_55.1-xxx</u>. Sales under deeds of trust-<u>which_that</u> contain no maturity date or
655 provision authorizing sale.

656 When any property, real or personal, is conveyed by deed of trust, whether heretofore 657 or hereafter made, to a trustee, to secure the payment of a debt, money, notes, bonds, stocks, 658 or other evidences of debt and there is no date fixed for the maturity thereof and such deed of 659 trust contains no provision authorizing the trustee to make sale of such property, or any part 660 thereof, and the reinvestment of the proceeds of sale in other property subject to the terms of such deed of trust, the circuit and corporation courts court, or such court having jurisdiction 661 662 of the subject matter, upon a bill complaint filed by any one or more of the lien debtors, in 663 which bill complaint all persons interested in such lien and all holders of the evidences of debt 664 secured by the deed of trust thereon, and all other necessary or proper parties, except the 665 plaintiffs, shall be made defendants, may decree order a sale of such property, or any part 666 thereof, and may invest the proceeds of sale under decree order of court subject to the terms 667 of the deed of trust;, provided; that (i) the bill of complaint shall set sets forth facts which that 668 will justify the sale of the property, to be verified by the affidavit of at least one of the 669 plaintiffs; provided, further, that, (ii) no decree order shall be made authorizing such sale 670 unless it shall be is shown to the satisfaction of the court that the interests of the lien debtor 671 or debtors will be promoted and the interests of no person-or persons holding the evidences of #XX: Form and Effect of Deeds and Covenants; Liens

debt secured by the deed of trust will be violated thereby; provided, further, that, and (iii) the
plaintiff or the party for whose benefit the <u>suit action</u> is brought shall bear the cost.

Drafting note: Language used in the old equitable pleading practice, including "bill," "decree," and "suit," is replaced with modern terminology. "Or persons" is deleted on the basis of § 1-227, which states that throughout the Code any word used in the singular includes the plural. Technical changes are made.

678 §-55-61.1_55.1-xxx. Validation of conveyances of real property under trust instrument
679 not authorizing sale.

680 When any real property is conveyed by deed of trust, or other trust instrument, whether 681 heretofore or hereafter made, to a trustee and there is no provision authorizing the trustee to **682** convey the property that is the subject of the deed of trust, or any part thereof, which is the subject of such deed of trust of such property, and the trustee conveys-said such property or 683 **684** any part-thereof of such property, such conveyance shall be valid after a period of thirty 30 685 years from the date of such conveyance, provided that (i) there have been no adverse claims 686 against the property so conveyed in the interim, and provided that (ii) such conveyances to **687** and from-said such trustee were properly recorded and indexed at the time of the conveyance, 688 in the appropriate clerk's office-wherein in which deeds are recorded in the county or city 689 wherein in which the property lies.

690

Drafting note: Technical changes.

691 § <u>55-62</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Permissible form for notice of sale under deed of trust.

692 Notice of sale under any deed of trust whether the same be in conformity with § 55-

693 <u>59 or not regardless of whether it conforms with § 55.1-xxx</u>, in the absence of provision

- 694 therein in such deed of trust requiring other or additional matter, may be substantially in the
- 695 <u>following</u> form<u>following</u>:
- **696** Trustee's Sale of

				(brief description of
identification of property				
In execution of a	leed of trust , (name or names of gra	antor or gi	rantors unless granto
or grantors request in wri	ting that the sa	me be omitted,), date	ed	, recorded
in the Clerk's Office of	:he	court of		in Deed Book
page	,	, the une	dersigned	trustee will offer for
ale at public auction (a b	rief descriptior	of the property to in	clude stree	et number or, if none
he general location of	property and	place of sale) on t	the	day of
, 20	at (ante meridian) (noon) (post m	eridian), the property
described in such deed.				
Terms: (Cash) (_)		
Trustee(s)				
FOR INFORMAT	ION CONTA	CT <u>:</u>		
(A trustee or the s	ecured party or	his agent)		
		_		
Address				
Telephone numbe	[
Drafting note: To	chnical chang	jes.		
§ <u> 55-63 55.1-xx</u>	. Construction	n of deeds requirin	g notice	by advertisement in
newspaper.				
(a)- <u>A.</u> Whenever	any deed of tru	ust to secure debts of	r indemnit	fy sureties contains a
provision requiring the gi	ving of notice	of sale thereunder for	a specifie	ed number of days by
advertisement in one or	more newspa	pers and such adver	tisement	be is published in a

newspaper published daily or in a newspaper published daily except Sunday, it shall be
deemed a sufficient compliance with such provision if such notice <u>be_is</u> published in
consecutive issues of such newspaper for the number of days specified, counting both the day
of the first publication and the day of the last publication and intervening Sundays, whether
or not such newspaper <u>be_is</u> published on Sunday. Both the first publication and the last
publication may be on Sunday. The publication shall in all other respects comply with the
provisions of §§ <u>55-59.2 55.1-xxx</u> and <u>55-59.3 55.1-xxx</u>.

(b) B. Whenever such deed of trust requires advertisement once a week for a specified
number of weeks, sale may be had on the day after the last advertisement appears or any day
thereafter, and all sales made in conformity herewith with this section prior to January 1, 1972,
and otherwise valid, are hereby validated.

734 735

Drafting note: Technical changes.

§-<u>55-64_55.1-xxx</u>. Disposition of surplus from trustee's sale after death of grantor.

736 Whenever the grantor, or his successor in title, in any deed of trust by which any real 737 property is conveyed in trust to secure debts or indemnify sureties dies prior to a trustee's sale 738 held pursuant to the deed of trust and the deed of trust contains no definite provision for the 739 distribution of any surplus in the event of the death of the grantor or his successors in title 740 prior to the trustee's sale held pursuant to the deed of trust, or contains a provision that such 741 surplus shall be paid to the grantor or his heirs or assigns or personal representative, then any 742 surplus of the proceeds of the sale remaining in the hands possession of the trustee, after 743 discharging the expenses of executing the trust, all tax liens upon the property sold, and all 744 debts and obligations secured by the deed of trust, shall be paid by the trustee to the personal 745 representative of the decedent.

Any such funds so coming into the hands of possessed by the personal representative
shall constitute assets for the payment by him, first, of all existing liens against the property
foreclosed which that are subsequent to the deed of trust under which the trustee sells in the

749 order of their priority, and, secondly, of any debts and demands against the decedent's estate 750 remaining unsatisfied after the personal estate has been exhausted. Any surplus of the funds 751 so paid to the personal representative and remaining in his hands possession after the 752 satisfaction of all debts and demands against the estate shall be paid over by him, if the 753 decedent died intestate as to the real property embraced in the deed of trust, to the heirs at law 754 of the decedent, or their successors in title, and if the decedent died testate as to the real 755 property embraced in the deed of trust, then such surplus shall be paid to the persons entitled 756 to the real property under the terms of the decedent's will, or to their successors in title.

757 Drafting note: Language is updated for modern usage. Technical changes are758 made.

759 §-55-64.1 55.1-xxx. Title to real estate sold not affected by nonlisting of secured notes
760 for taxation.

761 The title to real estate <u>heretofore or hereafter</u> sold under a deed of trust shall not be
762 drawn in question upon the ground that the holder of the notes secured by such deed of trust
763 did not list the same for taxation.

764

Drafting note: Technical change.

765 § <u>55-65 55.1-xxx</u>. Validation of certain sales made under deeds of trust.

766 All sales which that have been made prior to January 1, 1972, under deeds of trust to 767 secure debts and indemnify sureties containing a provision requiring the giving of notice of 768 sale thereunder for a specified number of days by advertisement in one or more newspapers 769 and which that were made after publishing the advertisement of sale in a newspaper published 770 daily or in a newspaper published daily except Sunday for the number of days specified in the 771 deed of trust, counting both the day of the first publication and the day of the last publication 772 and intervening Sundays, whether or not such paper was published on Sunday and whether or 773 not such sales were held on the day of the last publication -(, provided that, in cases when the 774 sale was held on the day of the last publication, the publication was in a newspaper the

775 principal daily edition of which was delivered or publicly sold before the time fixed for the 776 sale), and whether or not the first publication or the last publication, or both, appeared on 777 Sunday, shall be held, and the same are hereby declared, to be valid and effective in all 778 respects, if otherwise valid and effective according to the law then in force;, provided, 779 however, that nothing herein contained in this section shall be construed as affecting any final 780 order-or-decree heretofore entered prior to March 24, 1934 by any court of competent 781 jurisdiction or as affecting any suit or action now pending in any court of competent 782 jurisdiction, and provided further, that nothing in this section shall be so construed as to affect 783 intervening vested rights.

Drafting note: Language used in the old equitable pleading practice, including ''decree'' and ''suit,'' is replaced with modern terminology. The phrase ''prior to March 24, 1934'' is added because it is the date the statute was originally enacted. Technical changes are made.

788 § <u>55-65.1 55.1-xxx</u>. Validation of certain sales made under deeds of trust prior to
789 October 1, 1977.

790 All sales which that were made prior to October 1, 1977, under deeds of trust to secure 791 debts and indemnify sureties when the notice, advertisement, and conduct of the sale were in 792 accordance with the law of this the Commonwealth as it existed on June 30, 1977, are declared 793 to be valid and effective in all respects; provided that nothing herein contained in this section 794 shall be construed as affecting any final order-heretofore entered prior to March 23, 1978 by 795 any court of competent jurisdiction, or any suit or action now pending in a court of competent 796 jurisdiction, nor or as affecting intervening vested rights; and provided further, that no suit or 797 action to vacate or set aside any such sale may be brought after March 23, 1978.

798 Drafting note: Language used in the old equitable pleading practice, including 799 "suit," is replaced with modern terminology. The phrase "prior to March 23, 1978" is

added because it is the date the statute was originally enacted. Technical changes aremade.

802 § <u>55-66</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Validation of other sales under deeds of trust.

803 All sales which that were made prior to January 1, 1972, under deeds of trust to secure 804 debts and indemnify sureties when the notice was not published once a week for four 805 successive weeks or a specified number of successive weeks are declared to be valid and 806 effective in all respects, if other reasonable advertisement of such sale was given and such 807 sale was otherwise valid and effective; provided that nothing herein contained shall be 808 construed as affecting any final order heretofore entered prior to March 1, 1944 by any court 809 of competent jurisdiction, or any suit or action now pending in a court of competent 810 jurisdiction, nor or as affecting intervening vested rights; and provided further that no suit or 811 action may be brought after January 1, 1972, to vacate or set aside any such sale.

812 Drafting note: Language used in the old equitable pleading practice, including 813 "suit," is replaced with modern terminology. The phrase "prior to March 1, 1944" is 814 added because it is the date the statute was originally enacted. Technical changes are 815 made.

816 § <u>55-66.01 55.1-xxx</u>. Protection of assignees or transferees of debts secured by real
817 estate; form of certificate of transfer.

818 Whenever a debt or other obligation secured by a deed of trust, mortgage, or vendor's 819 lien on real estate has been assigned, the assignor or the assignee, at its option, may cause the 820 instrument of assignment to be recorded in the clerk's office of the circuit court where such 821 deed of trust, mortgage, or vendor's lien is recorded, provided that such instrument is 822 otherwise in recordable form, or may cause a certificate of transfer signed by the assignor to 823 be recorded in such clerk's office, and such instrument of assignment or certificate of transfer, 824 upon recordation, shall operate as a notice of such assignment. The instrument of assignment 825 or certificate of transfer shall be indexed in the name of the assignor and in the names of the #XX: Form and Effect of Deeds and Covenants; Liens

826 obligor or maker, and the trustees, as applicable, all of whose names shall be set forth in such 827 instrument or certificate. The certificate of transfer shall conform substantially to the 828 following: 829 CERTIFICATE OF TRANSFER 830 Place of Record: 831 Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the _____ of _____ 832 Virginia 833 Date of [Deed of Trust/Mortgage/Vendor's Lien]: ______, Deed Book _____, Page _____ 834 835 Name of Obligor or Maker: 836 837 Names(s) of Trustee(s) [if a Deed of Trust]: 838 839 840 Name of Original Payee or Obligee: 841 842 Original Amount Secured [if applicable]: \$_____ 843 The undersigned, the original payee or obligee [or the subsequent assignee] of the 844 obligation secured by the above-mentioned [Deed of Trust/Mortgage/Vendor's Lien], hereby 845 certifies that the obligations secured thereby have been assigned to _____ 846 847 [If a credit line deed of trust, the name and address to which notice may be mailed or 848 delivered to the Noteholder as provided by § 55-58.2 55.1-xxx is as follows: 849 850 _____]

#XX: Form and Effect of Deeds and Covenants; Liens

851	Given under <u>[my/our] (my/our)</u> hand(s) as of the day of				
852	,				
853					
854	(Assignor)				
855	of				
856	County/City of, to wit:				
857	Subscribed, sworn to _a and acknowledged before me by this				
858	day of 20				
859	My Commission Expires:				
860					
861	Notary Public				
862	Notary Registration Number:				
863	For purposes of this statute section, the word "assigned" shall include includes				
864	endorsed, pledged, hypothecated, or otherwise transferred. Nothing in this-statute section shall				
865	be deemed to invalidate any other form or notice of assignment that may have been heretofore				
866	recorded prior to July 1, 1994. Nothing in this statute section shall imply that recordation of				
867	the instrument of assignment or a certificate of transfer is necessary in order to transfer to an				
868	assignee the benefit of the security provided by the deed of trust, mortgage _a or vendor's lien.				
869	Drafting note: "Notary Registration Number" is added to the signature line of				
870	the certificate because it is a requirement of notarization. The phrase "prior to July 1,				
871	1994" is added because it is the date the statute was originally enacted. Technical				
872	changes are made.				
873	§ 55-66.1.				
874	Drafting note: Repealed by Acts 1992, c. 532.				
875	§ 55-66.1:01.				
876	Drafting note: Repealed by Acts 1995, c. 807.				

877 §-55-66.1:1 <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Required notice of foreclosure or repossession <u>of manufactured</u>
878 home.

879 Whenever any assignee of an installment note secured by a security interest on a 880 manufactured home determines that legal action is desirable to enforce the debt resulting in a 881 potential foreclosure or repossession, he shall give prior notice by mail of any action to 882 foreclose or repossess the collateral to any assignor who is liable under a recourse 883 endorsement or by virtue of a reserve account at least ten 10 business days prior to the 884 enforcement of the security interest or eviction. Assignment by way of pledge of the security 885 interest granted by the assignor shall not be an assignment within the meaning of this section. 886 The failure to so notify the assignor shall not affect any rights of the assignee as against the 887 principal debtor or any party other than the assignor with recourse or a person with rights in a 888 reserve account. Provisions of this section may not be waived by such assignor at the time of 889 the original sale of the installment paper, but only after the expiration of at least thirty 30 days 890 from such initial transfer. The assignee shall send such notice to the last known address of the 891 assignor as it appears in the records of the assignee.

892

Drafting note: Technical changes.

893 § <u>55-66.2</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Release to person dead inures to successors.

A release of a deed of trust or a conveyance of the property embraced therein in such
deed of trust may in all cases be made to the original grantor, whether living or dead, and any
release or reconveyance heretofore or hereafter so made shall inure both in law and in equity
to the successors in title of such grantor.

898 Drafting note: Technical changes.

- **899** § <u>55-66.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Release of deed of trust or other lien.
- 900 A. <u>As used in this section:</u>
- 901 "Deed of trust" means any mortgage, deed of trust, or vendor's lien.

902 "Lien creditor" and "creditor" shall be construed as synonymous and mean the holder, 903 payee, or obligee of a note, bond, or other evidence of debt and shall embrace the lien creditor 904 or his successor in interest as evidenced by proper endorsement or assignment, general or 905 restrictive, upon the note, bond, or other evidence of debt. 906 "Payoff letter" means a written communication from the lien creditor or servicer 907 stating, at a minimum, the amount outstanding and required to be paid to satisfy the obligation. 908 "RESA" means Chapter XX (§ 55.1-xxx et seq.) [Chapter 27.3 (§ 55-525.16 et seq.)], 909 Real Estate Settlement Agents. 910 "Satisfactory evidence of the payment of the obligation secured by the deed of trust" means (i) any one of the following: (a) the original canceled check or a copy of the canceled 911 912 check, showing all endorsements, payable to the lien creditor or servicer, as applicable, (b) 913 confirmation in written or electronic form of a wire transfer to the bank account of the lien 914 creditor or servicer, as applicable, or (c) a bank statement in written or electronic form 915 reflecting completion of the wire transfer or negotiation of the check, as applicable, and (ii) a 916 payoff letter or other reasonable documentary evidence that the payment was to effect 917 satisfaction of the obligation secured or evidenced by the deed of trust. 918 "Satisfied by payment" includes obtaining written confirmation from the lien creditor 919 that the underlying obligation has a zero balance. "Servicer" means a person or entity that collects loan payments on behalf of a lien 920 921 creditor. 922 "Settlement agent" has the same meaning ascribed to it in § 55.1-xxx [§ 55-525.16], 923 provided that a person shall not be a settlement agent unless he is registered pursuant to § 924 55.1-xxx [§ 55-525.30] and otherwise fully in compliance with the applicable provisions of 925 RESA. 926 "Title insurance company" has the same meaning ascribed to it in § 38.2-4601, 927 provided that the title insurance company seeking to release a lien by the process described in
928 subsection E issued a policy of title insurance, through a title insurance agency or agent as

929 defined in § 38.2-4601.1, for a real estate transaction wherein the loan secured by the lien was

930 satisfied by payment made by the title insurance agency or agent also acting as the settlement931 agent.

932 B. 1. Except as provided in Article 2.1 of this chapter 3 (§ 55.1-xxx et seq.), after full 933 or partial payment or satisfaction has been made of a debt secured by a deed of trust, vendor's 934 lien, or other lien, or any one or more obligations representing at least 25 percent of the total 935 amount secured by such lien, but less than the total number of the obligations so secured, or 936 the debt secured is evidenced by two or more separate written obligations sufficiently 937 described in the instrument creating the lien, has been fully paid, the lien creditor shall issue 938 a certificate of satisfaction or certificate of partial satisfaction in a form sufficient for 939 recordation reflecting such payment and release of lien. This requirement shall apply to a 940 credit line deed of trust prepared pursuant to $\frac{55-58.2}{55.1-xxx}$ only when the obligor or the 941 settlement agent has paid the debt in full and requested that the instrument be released.

942 If the lien creditor receives notice from a settlement agent at the address identified in
943 its payoff statement requesting that the certificate be sent to such settlement agent, the lien
944 creditor shall provide the certificate; within 90 days after receipt of such notice; to the
945 settlement agent at the address specified in the notice received from the settlement agent.

946 If the notice is not received from a settlement agent, the lien creditor shall deliver, 947 within 90 days after such payment, the certificate to the appropriate clerk's office with the 948 necessary fee for recording by certified mail, return receipt requested, or when there is written 949 proof of receipt from the clerk's office, by hand delivery or by courier hand delivery, electronic 950 delivery via the clerk's electronic filing system, or delivery by a commercial overnight 951 delivery service or the United States Postal Service, and a receipt obtained.

952 If the lien creditor has already delivered the certificate to the clerk's office by the time953 it receives notice from the settlement agent, the lien creditor shall deliver a copy of the

954 certificate to the settlement agent within 90 days of the receipt of the notice at the address for955 notification set forth in the payoff statement.

956 If the lien creditor has not, within 90 days after payment, either provided the certificate 957 of satisfaction to the settlement agent or delivered it to the clerk's office with the necessary 958 fee for filing, the lien creditor shall forfeit \$500 to the lien obligor. No settlement agent or 959 attorney may take an assignment of the right to the \$500 penalty or facilitate such an 960 assignment to any third party designated by the settlement agent or attorney. Following the 961 90-day period, if the amount forfeited is not paid within 10 business days after written demand 962 for payment is sent to the lien creditor by certified mail at the address for notification set forth 963 in the payoff statement, the lien creditor shall pay any court costs and reasonable attorney's 964 attorney fees incurred by the obligor in collecting the forfeiture.

965 2. If the note, bond, or other evidence of debt secured by such deed of trust, vendor's
966 lien, or other lien referred to in subdivision 1 or any interest therein; has been assigned or
967 transferred to a party other than the original lien creditor, the subsequent holder shall be
968 subject to the same requirements as a lien creditor for failure to comply with this subsection,
969 as set forth in subdivision 1.

970 B.-C. The certificate of satisfaction shall be signed by the creditor or his duly 971 authorized agent, attorney, or attorney-in-fact, or any person to whom the instrument 972 evidencing the indebtedness has been endorsed or assigned for the purpose of effecting such 973 release. An affidavit shall be filed or recorded with the certificate of satisfaction, by the 974 creditor, or his duly authorized agent, attorney, or attorney-in-fact, with such clerk, stating 975 that the debt therein secured and intended to be released or discharged has been paid to such 976 creditor, or his agent, attorney, or attorney-in-fact, who was, when the debt was satisfied, 977 entitled and authorized to receive the same such debt when the debt was satisfied.

978 C. D. And when so When the certificate of satisfaction has been signed and the
979 affidavit hereinbefore required by subsection C has been duly filed or recorded with the

980 certificate of satisfaction with such clerk, the certificate of satisfaction shall operate as a
981 release of the encumbrance as to which such payment or satisfaction is entered and, if the
982 encumbrance be is by deed of trust, as a reconveyance of the legal title as fully and effectually
983 as if such certificate of satisfaction were a formal deed of release duly executed and recorded.

984 D. As used in this section:

985 "CRESPA" means Chapter 27.3 (§ 55-525.16 et seq.) of Title 55.

986 "Deed of trust" means any mortgage, deed of trust or vendor's lien.

987 "Lien creditor" and "creditor" shall be construed as synonymous and mean the holder,
988 payee or obligee of a note, bond or other evidence of debt and shall embrace the lien creditor
989 or his successor in interest as evidenced by proper endorsement or assignment, general or
990 restrictive, upon the note, bond or other evidence of debt.

991 "Payoff letter" means a written communication from the lien creditor or servicer **992** stating, at a minimum, the amount outstanding and required to be paid to satisfy the obligation. 993 "Satisfactory evidence of the payment of the obligation secured by the deed of trust" 994 means (i) any one of (a) the original canceled check or a copy of the canceled check, showing 995 all endorsements, payable to the lien creditor or servicer, as applicable, (b) confirmation in 996 written or electronic form of a wire transfer to the bank account of the lien creditor or servicer, 997 as applicable, or (c) a bank statement in written or electronic form reflecting completion of **998** the wire transfer or negotiation of the check, as applicable; and (ii) a payoff letter or other 999 reasonable documentary evidence that the payment was to effect satisfaction of the obligation 1000 secured or evidenced by the deed of trust.

- 1001 "Satisfied by payment" includes obtaining written confirmation from the lien creditor
 1002 that the underlying obligation has a zero balance.
- 1003 "Servicer" means a person or entity that collects loan payments on behalf of a lien
 1004 creditor.

1005 "Settlement agent" has the same meaning ascribed thereto in § 55-525.16, provided
1006 that a person shall not be a settlement agent unless he is registered pursuant to § 55-525.30
1007 and otherwise fully in compliance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 27.3 (§ 55-525.16)
1008 et seq.) of Title 55.

1009 "Title insurance company" has the same meaning ascribed thereto in § 38.2 4601,
1010 provided that the title insurance company seeking to release a lien by the process described in
1011 subsection E issued a policy of title insurance, through a title insurance agency or agent as
1012 defined in § 38.2 4601.1, for a real estate transaction wherein the loan secured by the lien was
1013 satisfied by payment made by the title insurance agency or agent also acting as the settlement
1014 agent.

1015

E. Release of lien by settlement agent or title insurance company.

1016 A settlement agent or title insurance company may release a deed of trust in 1017 accordance with the provisions of this subsection (i) if the obligation secured by the deed of 1018 trust has been satisfied by payment made by the settlement agent and (ii) whether or not the 1019 settlement agent or title insurance company is named as a trustee under the deed of trust or 1020 otherwise has received the authority to release the lien.

1021 1. Notice to lienholder.

1022a. After or accompanying payment in full of the obligation secured by a deed of trust,1023a settlement agent or title insurance company intending to release a deed of trust pursuant to1024this subsection shall deliver to the lien creditor by certified mail or <u>guaranteed commercial</u>1025overnight delivery service or the United States Postal Service, and a receipt obtained, a notice1026of intent to release the deed of trust with a copy of the payoff letter and a copy of the release1027to be recorded as provided in this subsection.

b. The notice of intent to release shall contain (i) the name of the lien creditor, the name of the servicer if loan payments on the deed of trust are collected by a servicer, or both names_{$\frac{1}{2}$} (ii) the name of the settlement agent_{$\frac{1}{2}$} (iii) the name of the title insurance company if

1031 the title insurance company intends to release the $\lim_{z \to z} z$ and (iv) the date of the notice. The

1032 notice of intent to release shall conform substantially to the following form:

1033 NOTICE OF INTENT TO RELEASE

1034 Notice is hereby given to you concerning the deed of trust described on the certificate1035 of satisfaction, a copy of which is attached to this notice, as follows:

1036 1. _The settlement agent identified below has paid the obligation secured by the deed
1037 of trust described herein or obtained written confirmation from you that such obligation has a
1038 zero balance.

1039 2. The undersigned will release the deed of trust described in this notice unless, within 1040 90 days from the date this notice is mailed by certified mail or guaranteed commercial 1041 overnight delivery service or the United States Postal Service, and a receipt obtained, the 1042 undersigned has received by certified mail or guaranteed commercial overnight delivery 1043 service or the United States Postal Service, and a receipt obtained, a notice stating that a 1044 release of the deed of trust has been recorded in the clerk's office or that the obligation secured 1045 by the deed of trust described herein has not been paid, or the lien creditor or servicer 1046 otherwise objects to the release of the deed of trust. Notice shall be sent to the address stated 1047 on this form.

1048 (Name of settlement agent)

1049 (Signature of settlement agent or title insurance company)

1050 (Address of settlement agent or title insurance company)

1051 (Telephone number of settlement agent or title insurance company)

1052 (Virginia-<u>CRESPA_RESA</u> registration number of settlement agent at the time the
1053 obligation was paid or confirmed to have a zero balance)

1054 2. Certificate of satisfaction and affidavit of settlement agent or title insurance1055 company.

1056 a. If, within 90 days following the day on which the settlement agent or title insurance 1057 company mailed or delivered the notice of intent to release in accordance with this subsection, 1058 the lien creditor or servicer does not send by certified mail or guaranteed commercial 1059 overnight delivery service or the United States Postal Service, and a receipt obtained, to the 1060 settlement agent or title insurance company a notice stating that a release of the deed of trust 1061 has been recorded in the clerk's office or that the obligation secured by the deed of trust has 1062 not been paid in full or that the lien creditor or servicer otherwise objects to the release of the 1063 deed of trust, the settlement agent or title insurance company may execute, acknowledge, and 1064 file with the clerk of court of the jurisdiction wherein in which the deed of trust is recorded a 1065 certificate of satisfaction, which shall include (i) the affidavit described in subdivision 2 b-of 1066 this subsection and (ii) a copy of the notice of intent to release that was sent to the lender, the 1067 servicer, or both. The certificate of satisfaction shall include the settlement agent's CRESPA 1068 **RESA** registration number, issued by the Virginia State Bar or the Virginia State Corporation 1069 Commission, that was in effect at the time the settlement agent paid the obligation secured by 1070 the deed of trust or obtained written confirmation from the lien creditor that such obligation 1071 has a zero balance. The certificate of satisfaction shall note that the individual executing the 1072 certificate of satisfaction is doing so pursuant to the authority granted by this subsection. After 1073 filing or recording the certificate of satisfaction, the settlement agent or title insurance 1074 company shall mail a copy of the certificate of satisfaction to the lien creditor or servicer. The 1075 validity of a certificate of satisfaction otherwise satisfying the requirements of this subsection 1076 shall not be affected by the inaccuracy of the CRESPA RESA registration number placed 1077 thereon or the failure to mail a copy of the recorded certificate of satisfaction to the lien 1078 creditor or servicer and shall nevertheless release the deed of trust described therein as 1079 provided in this subsection.

b. The certificate of satisfaction used by the settlement agent or title insurancecompany shall include an affidavit certifying (i) that the settlement agent has satisfied the

1082 obligation secured by the deed of trust described in the certificate, (ii) that the settlement 1083 agent or title insurance company possesses satisfactory evidence of payment of the obligation 1084 secured by the deed of trust described in the certificate or written confirmation from the lien 1085 creditor that such obligation has a zero balance;, (iii) that the lien of the deed of trust may be 1086 released; (iv) that the person executing the certificate is the settlement agent, or the title 1087 insurance company, or is duly authorized to act on behalf of the settlement agent or title 1088 insurance company, and (v) that the notice of intent to release was delivered to the lien 1089 creditor or servicer and the settlement agent or title insurance company received evidence of 1090 receipt of such notice by the lien creditor or servicer. The affidavit shall be substantially in 1091 the following form:

1092

AFFIDAVIT OF SETTLEMENT AGENT OR TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY

1093 The undersigned hereby certifies that, in accordance with the provisions $\frac{55-66.3}{5}$ 1094 55.1-xxx of the Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended and in force on the date hereof (the 1095 Code), (a) the undersigned is a settlement agent or title insurance company as defined in 1096 subsection D A of § 55-66.3 55.1-xxx of the Code or a duly authorized officer, director, 1097 member, partner, or employee of such settlement agent or title insurance company; (b) the 1098 settlement agent has satisfied the obligation secured by the deed of trust; (c) the settlement 1099 agent or title insurance company possesses satisfactory evidence of the payment of the 1100 obligation secured by the deed of trust described in the certificate recorded herewith or written 1101 confirmation from the lien creditor that such obligation has a zero balance; (d) the settlement 1102 agent or title insurance company has delivered to the lien creditor or servicer in the manner 1103 specified in subdivision E 1 of $\frac{55-66.3}{55.1-xxx}$ of the Code the notice of intent to release 1104 and possesses evidence of receipt of such notice by the lien creditor or servicer; and (e) the 1105 lien of the deed of trust is hereby released.

1106

1107 (Authorized signer)

1108 3. Effect of filing.

1109 When filed or recorded with the clerk's office, a certificate of satisfaction that is 1110 executed and notarized as provided in this subsection, and accompanied by (i) the affidavit 1111 described in subdivision 2 b of this subsection, and (ii) a copy of the notice of intent to release 1112 that was sent to the lender, lien creditor, or servicer shall operate as a release of the 1113 encumbrance described therein and, if the encumbrance is by deed of trust, as a reconveyance 1114 of the legal title as fully and effectively as if such certificate of satisfaction were a formal deed 1115 of release duly executed and recorded.

1116

4. Effect of wrongful or erroneous certificate; damages.

a. The execution and filing or recording of a wrongful or erroneous certificate of
satisfaction by a settlement agent or title insurance agent does not relieve the party obligated
to repay the debt, or anyone succeeding to or assuming the responsibility of the obligated party
as to the debt, from any liability for the debt or other obligations secured by the deed of trust
that is the subject of the wrongful or erroneous certificate of satisfaction.

b. A settlement agent or title insurance agent that wrongfully or erroneously executes
and files or records a certificate of satisfaction is liable to the lien creditor for actual damages
sustained due to the recording of a wrongful or erroneous certificate of satisfaction.

c. The procedure authorized by this subsection for the release of a deed of trust shall
constitute an optional method of accomplishing a release of a deed of trust secured by property
in the Commonwealth. The nonuse of the procedure authorized by this subsection for the
release of a deed of trust shall not give rise to any liability or any cause of action whatsoever
against a settlement agent or any title insurance company by any obligated party or anyone
succeeding to or assuming the interest of the obligated party.

1131 5. Applicability.

a. The procedure authorized by this subsection for the release of a deed of trust may
be used to effect the release of a deed of trust after July 1, 2002, regardless of when the deed
of trust was created, assigned, or satisfied by payment made by the settlement agent.

b. This subsection applies only to transactions involving the purchase of or lending on
the security of real estate located in the Commonwealth that is either (i) unimproved real estate
with a lien to be released of \$1 million or less or (ii) real estate containing at least one but not
more than four residential dwelling units.

c. The procedure authorized by this subsection applies only to the full and complete
release of a deed of trust. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the partial
release of property from a deed of trust or otherwise permit the execution or recordation of a
certificate of partial satisfaction.

1143 Drafting note: The definitions are relocated to subsection A. The methods of 1144 delivery are updated throughout the proposed sections to conform with other delivery 1145 methods used throughout the title. Technical changes are made.

1146 §-55-66.3:1_55.1-xxx. Release by financial institution upon payment of debt placed
1147 with it for collection.

In any case where a note, bond, or other evidence of indebtedness placed by a creditor for collection with a bank, trust company, savings institution, small loan company, or credit union is fully paid at such financial institution, the financial institution, through its authorized agents, may execute all certificates, releases, and affidavits required of a creditor by this chapter to effectuate a release. The financial institution may execute and deliver to the clerk an affidavit to the effect that the financial institution had been acting as collecting agent for the creditor on the debt and that the debt has been paid in full at such institution.

1155

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1156 § <u>55-66.4</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Partial satisfaction or release.

1157 It-shall be is lawful for any such lienor lien creditor to make a marginal release or 1158 record a certificate of partial satisfaction of any one or more of the separate pieces or parcels 1159 of property covered by such lien. It shall also be lawful for any such lienor creditor to make a 1160 marginal release or record a certificate of partial satisfaction of any part of the real estate 1161 covered by such lien if a plat of such part or a deed of such part is recorded in the clerk's office 1162 and a cross reference cross-reference is made in the marginal release or certificate of partial 1163 satisfaction to the book and page where the plat or deed of such part is recorded. Such marginal 1164 partial release or satisfaction or certificate of partial satisfaction may be accomplished in 1165 manner and form hereinbefore prescribed in this chapter provided for making marginal 1166 releases or certificates of satisfaction, except that the creditor, or his duly authorized agent, 1167 shall make an affidavit to the clerk or in such certificate that such creditor is at the time of 1168 making such release satisfaction the legal holder of the obligation, note, bond, or other 1169 evidence of debt, secured by such lien, and when made in conformity therewith and as 1170 provided herein with the provisions of this chapter such partial satisfaction or release shall be 1171 as valid and binding as a proper release deed duly executed for the same purpose.

Any and all partial marginal releases made prior to July 1, 1966, in any county or city of this the Commonwealth, in conformity with the provisions of this chapter, either of one or more separate pieces or parcels of real estate or any part of the real estate covered by such lien, or as to one or more of the obligations secured by any such lien, or as to all of the real estate covered by such lien instrument, are hereby validated and declared to be binding upon all parties in interest; but this provision shall not be construed as intended to disturb or impair any vested right.

1179 Drafting note: The term "lienor" is replaced with the term "lien creditor" for 1180 conformity with the terminology used in § 55.1-xxx [§ 55-66.3]. References to "marginal 1181 release" are stricken as obsolete (see 2014 Acts of Assembly, Chapter 330). Technical 1182 changes are made.

1183	§ <u>55-66.4:1</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u> . Permissible form for certificate of satisfaction or certificate of
1184	partial satisfaction.
1185	Any release by a certificate of satisfaction or certificate of partial satisfaction shall be
1186	in conformity with §§ 55-66.3, 55-66.3:1, and 55-66.4 55.1-xxx, 55.1-xxx, and 55.1-xxx and
1187	shall conform substantially with the following Certificate of Satisfaction or Certificate of
1188	Partial Satisfaction forms:
1189	CERTIFICATE OF SATISFACTION
1190	Place of Record
1191	Date of Note/Deed of Trust
1192	Face Amount Secured/Face Amount of Note:
1193	Deed Book Page
1194	Name(s) of Grantor(s)/Maker(s);
1195	Name(s) of Trustee(s)
1196	Face Amount of Note(s) \$
1197	I/we, holder(s) of the above-mentioned note(s) secured by the above-mentioned deed
1198	of trust, do hereby certify that the same has/have been paid in full, and the lien therein created
1199	and retained is hereby released.
1200	GIVEN UNDER MY/OUR HAND(S) THIS DAY OF
1201	, 20
1202	
1203	
1204	(NOTE HOLDERS)
1205	Commonwealth of Virginia,
1206	County/City of to wit:
1207	Subscribed, sworn to, and acknowledged before me by this
1208	day of, 20

1209	My Commission Expires:
1210	
1211	NOTARY PUBLIC
1212	Notary Registration Number:
1213	VIRGINIA;
1214	IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
1215	This certificate was presented, and with the Certificate annexed, admitted to record on
1216	at o'clockm.
1217	Clerk's fees: \$ have been paid.
1218	Attest:, Deputy Clerk
1219	OF:
1220	CERTIFICATE OF PARTIAL SATISFACTION
1221	Place of Record
1222	Date of Deed of Trust
1223	Deed Book Page
1224	Name(s) of Grantor(s)
1225	Name(s) of Trustee(s)
1226	Maker(s) of Note(s)
1227	Date of Note(s)
1228	Face Amount of Note(s) \$
1229	The lien of the above-mentioned deed of trust securing the above-mentioned note is
1230	released insofar as the same is applicable to (description of property)
1231	recorded in deed book at page in the clerk's office of this court. The
1232	undersigned is/are the legal holder(s) of the obligation, note, bond, or other evidence of debt
1233	secured by said deed of trust.
1234	Given under my/our hand(s) this day of . 20

1235	
1236	
1237	(NOTE HOLDERS)
1238	Commonwealth of Virginia,
1239	County/City of to wit:
1240	Subscribed, sworn to, and acknowledged before me by this
1241	day of, 20
1242	My Commission Expires:
1243	
1244	NOTARY PUBLIC
1245	Notary Registration Number:
1246	The clerk shall satisfy the requirements of § 17.1-228.
1247	Certificates conforming to this section prior to the amendment effective July 1, 1984,
1248	shall be deemed to be in substantial conformity-thereto to this section.
1249	Drafting note: "Notary Registration Number" is added to the signature line of
1250	the certificate because it is a requirement of notarization. Technical changes are made.
1251	§- <u>55-66.4:2</u> 55.1-xxx. Where certificates of satisfaction are to be indexed.
1252	A-The clerk shall record a certificate of partial satisfaction or a certificate of
1253	satisfaction shall be recorded by the clerk on the grantor index, both under the name of each
1254	grantor on the underlying deed of trust and under the name of the first-named trustee under
1255	which the deed of trust was indexed, all as identified on the certificate of satisfaction. The
1256	deed book and page number or the instrument number of the released deed of trust shall also
1257	be designated in the index. Any clerk using a separate index book or data file for grantees only
1258	shall also record therein in such book or file the name of each grantor on the underlying deed
1259	of trust as identified on the certificate of satisfaction.
1260	Drafting note: Technical changes.

1261

§ <u>55-66.5</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Releases made by court; costs and attorney fees.

1262 A. Any person who owns or has any interest in real estate or personal property on 1263 which-such an encumbrance as described in § 55.1-xxx [§ 55-66.3] exists may, after 20 days' 1264 notice thereof to the person entitled to such encumbrance, apply to the circuit court of the 1265 county or city in whose clerk's office which such encumbrance is recorded to have the same 1266 released or discharged. Upon proof that the encumbrance has been paid or discharged or upon 1267 a finding by the court that more than 15 years have elapsed since the maturity of the lien or 1268 encumbrance, raising a presumption of payment-which that is not rebutted at the hearing, such 1269 court shall order the clerk to record a certificate of satisfaction or a certificate of partial 1270 satisfaction which that, when so recorded, shall operate as a release of such encumbrance.

1271 All releases made prior to June 24, 1944, by any court under this section upon such1272 presumption of payment so arising and not rebutted shall be validated.

1273 B. If the court finds that the person entitled to such encumbrance cannot with due 1274 diligence be located, and that notice has been given such person in the manner provided by § 1275 8.01-319 or 55-66.10 55.1-xxx, or that tender has been made of the sum due thereon but has 1276 been refused for any reason by the party-or parties to whom due, the court may in its discretion 1277 order the sum due to be paid into court, to be there held as provided by law, and to be paid 1278 upon demand to the person-or persons entitled thereto. The court shall order the same to be 1279 recorded as provided in subsection A-hereof, which and such certificate of satisfaction or 1280 certificate of partial satisfaction shall operate as a release of the encumbrance.

1281 C. Upon a finding by the court that the holder of a mortgage or deed of trust-which 1282 that has been fully paid or discharged has unjustifiably and without good cause failed or 1283 refused to release such mortgage or deed of trust, the court, in its discretion, may order that 1284 costs and reasonable-<u>attorneys_attorney</u> fees be paid to the petitioning party. This subsection 1285 shall not preclude a separate-<u>suit_action</u> by the petitioning party for actual damages sustained 1286 by reason of such failure or refusal to release the encumbrance. Drafting note: Language used in the old equitable pleading practice, including "suit," is replaced with modern terminology. In subsection B, "or parties" and "or persons" are stricken on the basis of § 1-227, which states that throughout the Code any word used in the singular includes the plural. In subsection C, the phrase "in its discretion" is deleted as unnecessary. Technical changes are made.

1292 §-55-66.6_55.1-xxx. Recordation of certificate of satisfaction, etc., required when
1293 release of lien recorded.

1294 Whenever a release of a deed of trust or other obligation shall be admitted to record is 1295 recorded in the office of the clerk of any circuit court, such clerk shall record a certificate of 1296 satisfaction or certificate of partial satisfaction, stating that such deed or other obligation is 1297 released. The fee charged by the clerk for recording such release shall be paid by the lien 1298 debtor. Such certificate shall be indexed in the name of the grantors and grantees of the 1299 instrument being released. If any clerk fails for-ten 10 days to do anything required of him by 1300 this section, he shall be liable for any damage which that any person may sustain by reason of 1301 such failure.

1303 <u>§ 55-66.7.</u>

1302

1304 Drafting note: Repealed by Acts 1992, c. 651.

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1305 Article <u>2.1_3</u>.

1306 Mortgage-Satisfaction of Security Interest in Real Property.

1307 Drafting note: Existing Article 2.1 is retained as proposed Article 3 and contains

1308 provisions pertaining to satisfaction of security interests. The article title is amended to

1309 reflect the article's applicability to all security interests, not only mortgages.

1310 § <u>55-66.8</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Applicability.

1311 The procedure authorized by this article for the release of a <u>mortgage security interest</u>

1312 <u>in real property</u> using an automated electronic recording system may be used to effect the

1313 release of a mortgage security interest regardless of when the mortgage security interest was 1314 created, assigned, or satisfied by payment made by the settlement agent. The procedure 1315 authorized by this section for the release of a mortgage security interest shall constitute an 1316 optional method of accomplishing a release of a mortgage security interest secured by 1317 property in the Commonwealth. Drafting note: The term "mortgage" is replaced with "security interest" to 1318 1319 reflect that this article is applicable to all security interests, not only mortgages. 1320 § 55-66.9 55.1-xxx. Definitions. 1321 As used in this article, unless the context requires otherwise: 1322 "Day" means calendar day. 1323 "Document" means information that is: 1324 1. Inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium 1325 and is retrievable in perceivable form; and 1326 2. Eligible to be recorded in the land records maintained by the clerk. 1327 "Electronic," as defined in the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (§ 59.1-479 et 1328 seq.), means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, 1329 electromagnetic, or similar capabilities. 1330 "Electronic document" means a document received by the clerk in electronic form. 1331 "Electronic notarization" means an official act by a notary public in accordance with 1332 the Virginia Notary Act (§ 47.1-1 et seq.) and § 55-118.3 55.1-xxx with respect to an 1333 electronic document. 1334 "Electronic signature," as defined in the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (§ 59.1-1335 479 et seq.), means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated

1336 with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.

1337 "eRecording System" means the automated electronic recording system implemented
1338 by the clerk for the recordation of electronic documents among the land records maintained
1339 by the clerk.

1340 "Filer" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership,
1341 limited liability company, association, joint venture, public body, public corporation,
1342 government, or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or
1343 commercial entity who that files an electronic document among the land records maintained
1344 by the clerk.

1345 "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable commercial1346 standards of fair dealing.

1347 "Landowner" means a person that, before foreclosure, has the right of redemption in
1348 the real property described in a security instrument. The term "Landowner" does not include
1349 a person that holds only a lien on the real property.

1350 "Land records document" means any writing authorized by law to be recorded,
1351 whether made on paper or in electronic format, which that the clerk records affecting title to
1352 real property.

1353 "Organization" means a person other than an individual.

1354 "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership,
1355 limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government, or
1356 governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
1357 "Real property" means real property that is used for residential or nonresidential
1358 purposes.

1359 "Recording data" means the date, and deed book and page number or instrument
1360 number, that <u>indicate indicates</u> where a document is recorded in the land records of the clerk
1361 of the circuit court pursuant to Chapter 6 XX (§-55-106_55.1-xxx et seq.).

"Secured creditor" means a person-who_that holds or is the beneficiary of a security
interest or that is authorized both to receive payments on behalf of a person that holds a
security interest in real property and to record a satisfaction of the security instrument upon
receiving full performance of the secured obligation. The term "Secured creditor" does not
include a trustee under a security instrument. The term "Secured creditor" also includes
"lender" as used in Chapter 27.3 XX (§-55-525.16_55.1-xxx et seq.) of Title 55 and "lien
creditor" and "servicer" as used in § 55-66.3.

1369 "Secured obligation" means an obligation the payment or performance of which is1370 secured by a security interest.

1371 "Security instrument" means an agreement, however denominated, that creates or
1372 provides for a security interest, whether or not it also creates or provides for a lien on personal
1373 property.

1374 "Security interest" means an interest in real property created by a security instrument,

1375 securing payment, or performance of an obligation and includes a mortgage or deed of trust.

1376 "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate, accept, or adopt a document:

1377 1. To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or

1378 2. To attach to or logically associate with the document an electronic sound, symbol,1379 or process.

1380 "State" means a state of the United States, <u>the</u> District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
1381 United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction
1382 of the United States.

1383"Submit for recording" means to deliver, with required fees and taxes, a document1384sufficient to be recorded under this article, to the office of the clerk of the circuit court pursuant1385to Chapter $-6 \times X$ (§ $-55 - 106 \cdot 55 \cdot 1 - xxx$ et seq.).

1386 Drafting note: Technical changes.

1387 § <u>55-66.10</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Document of rescission; effect; liability for wrongful recording.

1388 A. In As used in this section, "document of rescission" means a document stating that 1389 an identified satisfaction, certificate of satisfaction, or affidavit of satisfaction of a security 1390 instrument was recorded erroneously or fraudulently, the secured obligation remains 1391 unsatisfied, and the security instrument remains in force.

1392 B. If a person records a satisfaction, certificate of satisfaction, or affidavit of 1393 satisfaction of a security instrument in error or by fraud, the person may execute and record a 1394 document of rescission. Upon recording, the document rescinds an erroneously recorded 1395 satisfaction, certificate, or affidavit.

1396 C. A recorded document of rescission has no effect on the rights of a person who:

1397 1. Acquired an interest in the real property described in a security instrument after the 1398 recording of the satisfaction, certificate of satisfaction, or affidavit of satisfaction of the 1399 security instrument and before the recording of the document of rescission; and

1400 2. Would otherwise have priority over or take free of the lien created by the security 1401 instrument under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

1402 D. A person, other than the clerk of the circuit court or any of his employees or other 1403 governmental official in the course of the performance of his recordation duties, who 1404 erroneously, fraudulently, or wrongfully records a document of rescission is subject to liability 1405 under § 55-66.3 55.1-xxx.

1406

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1407 § 55-66.11 55.1-xxx. Secured creditor to submit satisfaction for recording; liability for 1408 failure.

1409 A. A secured creditor shall submit for recording a satisfaction of a security instrument 1410 within 90 days after the creditor receives full payment or performance of the secured 1411 obligation in accordance with subsection A B of § 55-66.3 55.1-xxx. If a security instrument 1412 secures a line of credit or future advances, the secured obligation is fully performed only if, 1413 in addition to full payment, the secured creditor has received a notification requesting the

1414	creditor to terminate the line of credit or containing a statement sufficient to terminate the
1415	effectiveness of the provision for future advances in the security instrument.
1416	B. A secured creditor who is required to submit a satisfaction of a security instrument
1417	for recording and fails to do so by the end of the period specified in subsection A is subject to
1418	liability under § <u>55-66.3</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u> .
1419	Drafting note: No change.
1420	§- <u>55-66.12_55.1-xxx</u> . Form and effect of satisfaction.
1421	A. A document is sufficient to constitute a satisfaction of a security instrument if it
1422	conforms substantially in form and content to the requirements of §-55-66.4:1_55.1-xxx and
1423	it:
1424	1. Identifies the security instrument, the original parties to the security instrument, the
1425	recording data for the security instrument, and the office in which the security instrument is
1426	recorded;
1427	2. States that the person signing the satisfaction is the secured creditor;
1428	3. Contains a legal description of the real property identified in the security instrument,
1429	but only if a legal description is necessary for a satisfaction to be properly indexed, otherwise,
1430	the deed book and page number or instrument number is sufficient;
1431	4. Contains language terminating the effectiveness of the security instrument; and
1432	5. Is signed by the secured creditor and acknowledged as required by law for a
1433	conveyance of an interest in real property.
1434	B. The clerk of the circuit court shall accept for recording a satisfaction document,
1435	unless:
1436	1. An amount equal to or greater than the applicable recording fees and taxes is not
1437	tendered;
1438	2. The document is submitted by a method or in a medium not authorized by the laws
1439	of the Commonwealth-of Virginia; or

1440 3. The document is not signed by the secured creditor and acknowledged as required 1441 by law for a conveyance of an interest in real property.

1442 **Drafting note: Technical changes.**

1443 § 55-66.13 55.1-xxx. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National 1444 Commerce Act.

1445 To the extent permitted by law, this article modifies, limits, and supersedes the 1446 Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001 et seq., except 1447 that nothing in this article modifies, limits, or supersedes §§ 7001(c) and 7004 of that Act or 1448 authorizes electronic delivery of any of the notices described in § 7003(b) of that Act.

1449

Drafting note: No change.

1450 § 55-66.14 55.1-xxx. Uniform standards.

1451 In consultation with the circuit court clerks, the Executive Secretary of the Supreme 1452 Court, and interested citizens and businesses, the Virginia Information Technologies Agency 1453 shall develop standards to implement electronic recording of real property documents. The 1454 Virginia Information Technologies Agency shall consider standards and practices of other 1455 jurisdictions; the most recent standards promulgated by national standard-setting bodies, such 1456 as the Property Records Industry Association; views of interested persons and other 1457 governmental entities; and needs of localities of varying sizes, population, and resources.

- 1458 **Drafting note: Technical change.**
- 1459

Article-34.

1460 Effect of Certain Expressions in Deeds and Leases.

1461 Drafting note: Existing Article 3 is retained as proposed Article 4 and contains 1462 provisions pertaining to the effect of certain expressions in deeds. Existing §§ 55-76 1463 through 55-79, dealing with deeds of lease, are relocated to Chapter XX of Subtitle III.

1464 § 55-67 55.1-xxx. Effect of word "covenants." When a deed uses the words "the said ______ covenants," such covenant shall
have the same effect as if it were expressed to be by the covenantor, for himself; and his heirs,
personal representatives, and assigns and shall be deemed to be with the covenantee; and his
heirs, personal representatives, and assigns.

1469

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1470 §-<u>55-68</u><u>55.1-xxx</u>. Effect of covenant of general warranty.

1471A covenant by the grantor in a deed, "that he will warrant generally the property hereby1472conveyed, "shall have the same effect as if the grantor had covenanted that he, and his heirs1473and personal representatives will forever warrant and defend such property unto the grantee,1474and his heirs, personal representatives, and assigns, against the claims and demands of all1475persons whomsoever.

1476

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1477 § <u>55-69</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. <u>Of Covenant of special warranty</u>.

A covenant by any such grantor "that he will warrant specially the property hereby conveyed" shall have the same effect as if the grantor has covenanted that he; and his heirs and personal representatives will forever warrant and defend such property unto the grantee; and his heirs, personal representatives, and assigns; against the claims and demands of the grantor; and all persons claiming or to claim by, through, or under him.

1483

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1484 §-55-70_55.1-xxx. Words "with general warranty," "with special warranty," and "with
1485 English covenants of title" construed.

The words "with general warranty;" in the granting part of any deed; shall be deemed
to be a covenant by the grantor "that he will warrant generally the property hereby conveyed."
The words "with special warranty;" in the granting part of any deed; shall be deemed to be a
covenant by the grantor "that he will warrant specially the property hereby conveyed."

1490The words "with English covenants of title" or words of similar import, in the granting1491part of any deed shall be deemed to be an expression by the grantor of those covenants set out1492in §§ 55-71 55.1-xxx through 55-74 55.1-xxx, inclusive, and in addition thereto the covenant

- 1493 that he is seized in fee simple of the property conveyed.
- **1494 Drafting note: Technical changes.**
- 1495 § <u>55-70.1 55.1-xxx</u>. Implied warranties on new homes.
- A. <u>As used in this section:</u>
- **1497** "New dwelling" means a dwelling or house that has not previously been occupied for
- **1498** a period of more than 60 days by anyone other than the vendor or the vendee or that has not
- 1499 <u>been occupied by the original vendor or subsequent vendor for a cumulative period of more</u>
- 1500 than 12 months, excluding dwellings constructed solely for lease. "New dwelling" does not
- 1501 include a condominium or condominium units created pursuant to Chapter XX (§ 55.1-xxx et
- 1502 <u>seq.) [Chapter 4.2 (§ 55-79.39 et seq.)].</u>
- 1503 <u>"Structural defects" means a defect or defects that reduce the stability or safety of the</u>
 1504 structure below accepted standards or that restrict the normal use of the structure.
- **B.** In every contract for the sale of a new dwelling, the vendor shall be held to warrant
 to the vendee that, at the time of the transfer of record title or the vendee's taking possession,
 whichever occurs first, the dwelling with all of its fixtures is, to the best of the actual
 knowledge of the vendor or his agents, sufficiently (i) free from structural defects, so as to
 pass without objection in the trade, and (ii) constructed in a workmanlike manner, so as to
 pass without objection in the trade.
- B.-C. In addition, in every contract for the sale of a new dwelling, the vendor, if he is
 in the business of building or selling such dwellings, shall be held to warrant to the vendee
 that, at the time of transfer of record title or the vendee's taking possession, whichever occurs
 first, the dwelling together with all of its fixtures is sufficiently (i) free from structural defects,

1515 so as to pass without objection in the trade $\frac{1}{52}$ (ii) constructed in a workmanlike manner, so as 1516 to pass without objection in the trade $\frac{1}{52}$ and (iii) fit for habitation.

1517 C. D. The above warranties described in subsections B and C implied in the contract 1518 for sale shall be held to survive the transfer of title. Such warranties are in addition to, and not 1519 in lieu of, any other express or implied warranties pertaining to the dwelling, or its materials 1520 or fixtures. A contract for sale may waive, modify, or exclude any or all express and implied 1521 warranties and sell a new home "as is" only if the words used to waive, modify, or exclude 1522 such warranties are conspicuous (, as defined by subdivision (b) (10) of § 8.1A-201), set forth 1523 on the face of such contract in capital letters which that are at least two points larger than the 1524 other type in the contract and only if the words used to waive, modify, or exclude the 1525 warranties state with specificity the warranty or warranties that are being waived, modified, 1526 or excluded. If all warranties are waived or excluded, a contract-must shall specifically set 1527 forth in capital letters-which that are at least two points larger than the other type in the contract 1528 that the dwelling is being sold "as is."

1529 D.E. If there is a breach of warranty under this section, the vendee, or his heirs or 1530 personal representatives in case of his death, shall have a cause of action against his vendor 1531 for damages, provided, however, for any defect discovered after July 1, 2002, such vendee 1532 shall first provide the vendor, by registered or certified mail at his last known address, or by 1533 commercial overnight delivery service or the United States Postal Service, and a receipt 1534 obtained, a written notice stating the nature of the warranty claim. Such notice also may be 1535 hand delivered to the vendor with the vendee retaining a receipt of such hand delivered hand-1536 delivered notice to the vendor or its authorized agent. After such notice, the vendor shall have 1537 a reasonable period of time, not to exceed six months, to cure the defect that is the subject of 1538 the warranty claim.

1539 E.-F. The warranty shall extend for a period of one year from the date of transfer of
1540 record title or the vendee's taking possession, whichever occurs first, except that the warranty

1541 pursuant to clause (i) of subsection B C for the foundation of new dwellings shall extend for 1542 a period of five years from the date of transfer of record title or the vendee's taking possession, 1543 whichever occurs first. Any action for its breach shall be brought within two years after the 1544 breach thereof. For all warranty claims arising on or after January 1, 2009, sending the notice 1545 required by subsection \rightarrow E shall toll the limitations period for six months.

1546 F. As used in this section, the term "new dwelling" shall mean a dwelling or house that 1547 has not previously been occupied for a period of more than 60 days by anyone other than the 1548 vendor or the vendee or that has not been occupied by the original vendor or subsequent 1549 vendor for a cumulative period of more than 12 months excluding dwellings constructed solely for lease. The term "new dwelling" shall not include a condominium or condominium 1550 1551 units created pursuant to Chapter 4.2 (§ 55-79.39 et seq.) of this title.

1552 G. The term "structural defects," as used in this section, shall mean a defect or defects 1553 that reduce the stability or safety of the structure below accepted standards or that restrict the 1554 normal use thereof.

1555 H.G. In the case of new dwellings where fire-retardant treated plywood sheathing or 1556 other roof sheathing materials are used in lieu of fire-retardant treated plywood, the vendor 1557 shall be deemed to have assigned the manufacturer's warranty, at settlement, to the vendee. 1558 The vendee shall have a direct cause of action against the manufacturer of such roof sheathing 1559 for any breach of such warranty. To the extent any such manufacturer's warranty purports to 1560 limit the right of third parties or prohibit assignment, said such provision shall be 1561 unenforceable and of no effect.

1562

Drafting note: Definitions are relocated to subsection A. In proposed subsection 1563 E, the methods of delivery of notice are updated to conform with other delivery methods 1564 used throughout the title. Technical changes are made.

1565 §-55-70.2 55.1-xxx. Effect of certain transfer fee covenants.

1566 A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning: 1567 "Transfer" means assignment, conveyance, gift, inheritance, sale, or other transfer of1568 ownership interest in real property located in the Commonwealth.

"Transfer fee" means a fee or charge payable to a nongovernmental person or entity
upon transfer or payable for the right to make or accept such transfer, regardless of whether
the fee or charge is a fixed amount or is determined as a percentage of the value of the property,
the purchase price of the property, or other consideration given for the transfer. "Transfer fee"
does not include:

1574 1. Any consideration that is payable by a grantee to a grantor for the interest in real1575 property being transferred;

1576 2. Any commission that is payable to a licensed real estate broker for a transfer under1577 an agreement between the broker and the grantor or grantee;

1578 3. Any amount, charge, fee, or interest that is payable by a borrower to a lender under
1579 a loan secured by a deed of trust or mortgage on real property, including (i) any fee that is
1580 payable to the lender for consenting to an assumption of the loan or a transfer of the real
1581 property subject to the deed of trust or mortgage and (ii) any consideration allowed by law
1582 that is payable to the lender in connection with the loan;

4. Any amount, charge, fee, reimbursement, or rent that is payable by a lessee to a
lessor under a lease, including any fee that is payable to the lessor for consenting to an
assignment, sublease, encumbrance, or transfer of the lease;

1586 5. Any consideration that is payable to the holder of an option to purchase an interest
1587 in real property, the holder of a right of first refusal, or the holder of a right of first offer to
1588 purchase an interest in real property for releasing, waiving, or not exercising the option or
1589 right upon the transfer of the property to a person other than the holder;

1590 6. Any assessment, charge, or fee authorized by statute, the recorded condominium1591 instrument, or the recorded declaration to be charged by, or payable to, a common interest

community as defined in §-<u>55-528 55.1-xxx</u> or a cooperative as defined in §-<u>55-426 55.1-xxx</u>;
or

1594 7. Any amount, assessment, charge, fee, fine, or tax that is payable to or imposed by a1595 governmental authority.

1596 "Transfer fee covenant" means a covenant or declaration that purports to affect real
1597 property and that requires or purports to require, upon a subsequent transfer of such property,
1598 the payment of a transfer fee to the declarant or other nongovernmental person or entity
1599 specified in the covenant or declaration or to the assigns or successors of such declarant or
1600 nongovernmental person or entity.

B. A transfer fee covenant recorded in the Commonwealth on or after July 1, 2011, shall not run with the title to real property and is not binding on, or enforceable at law or in equity against, any subsequent owner, purchaser, or mortgagee of any interest in real property as an equitable servitude or otherwise. Any lien purporting to secure the payment of a transfer fee under a transfer fee covenant recorded in the Commonwealth on or after July 1, 2011, is void and unenforceable.

1607

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1608 §-<u>55-71</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. Covenant of "right to convey."

A covenant by the grantor in a deed for $land_{\overline{y}}$ "that he has the right to convey the said land to the grantee;" shall have the same effect as if the grantor had covenanted that he has good right, full power_a and absolute authority to convey the land, with all the buildings thereon; and the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging, unto the grantee, in the manner in which the same is conveyed or intended so to be by the deed, and according to its true intent.

1615 Drafti

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1616 § <u>55-72</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. For Covenant for "quiet possession" and "free from all encumbrances."

1618 A covenant by any such grantor "that the grantee shall have quiet possession of the 1619 said land" shall have as much effect as if he covenanted that the grantee, and his heirs and 1620 assigns might, at any and all times thereafter, peaceably and quietly enter upon and have, hold, 1621 and enjoy the land conveyed by the deed, or intended so to be, with all the buildings thereon 1622 and the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging, and receive and take the rents and 1623 profits thereof, to and for his and their use and benefit, without any eviction, interruption, suit, 1624 claim, or demand whatever. If to such covenant there be added "free from all encumbrances," 1625 these words shall have as much effect as the words "and that freely and absolutely acquitted, 1626 exonerated, and forever discharged, or otherwise by the said grantor or his heirs saved 1627 harmless and indemnified of, from, and against any and every charge and encumbrance 1628 whatever."

1629

1630

Drafting note: Technical changes.

§ 55-73 55.1-xxx. For Covenant for "further assurances."

1631 A covenant by any such grantor "that he will execute such further assurances of the 1632 said lands as may be requisite" shall have the same effect as if he covenanted that he, the 1633 grantor, and his heirs or personal representative will at any time, upon any reasonable request, 1634 at the charge of the grantee, and his heirs or assigns, do, execute, or cause to be done or 1635 executed all such further acts, deeds, and things for the better, more perfectly and absolutely 1636 conveying and assuring the said lands and premises thereby conveyed or intended so to be unto the grantee, and his heirs and assigns in manner aforesaid, as by the grantee, and his heirs 1637 1638 or assigns, and his or their counsel in the law attorney, shall be reasonably devised, advised, 1639 or required.

1640

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1641 § <u>55-74</u> <u>55.1-xxx</u>. <u>Of Covenant of</u> "no act to encumber."

1642 A covenant by any such grantor "that he has done no act to encumber the said lands"1643 shall have the same effect as if he covenanted that he had not done or executed, or knowingly

suffered, any act, deed, or thing whereby the lands and premises conveyed, or intended so to
be, or any part thereof, are or will be charged, affected, or encumbered in title, estate, or
otherwise.

1647 Dra

Drafting note: Technical changes.

1648 § <u>55-75 55.1-xxx</u>. Effect of certain words of release in a deed.

1649 Whenever in any deed there shall be used uses the words: "The said grantor (or the 1650 said _____) releases to the said grantee (or the said _____) all his claims upon 1651 the said lands," such deed shall be construed as if it set forth that the grantor (or releasor) hath 1652 has remised, released, and forever quitted claim and by these presents doth does remise, 1653 release, and forever quitclaim unto to the grantee (or releasee), and his heirs and assigns all 1654 right, title, and interest whatsoever, both at law and in equity, in or to the lands and premises 1655 granted (or released) or intended so to be granted (or released), so that neither he nor his 1656 personal representative, his heirs, or assigns; shall at any time thereafter; have; any type of 1657 claim, challenge, or demand on the lands and premises, or any part thereof, in any manner 1658 whatever.

1659 Drafting note: Language is updated for modern usage. Technical changes are 1660 made.

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